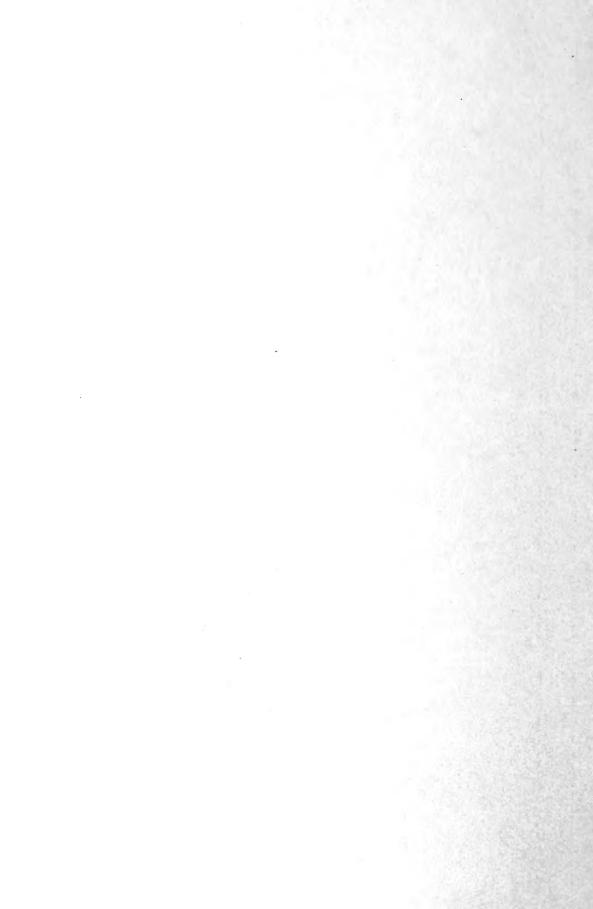
# **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





PRICE LIST OF

SPECIMEN TREES

SHRUBS, ROSES

AND FRUIT

Spring, 1912

CANCELING ALL PREVIOUS LISTS

WHOLESALE

ON QUANTITIES OF TEN

SPECIAL:

SEE NOTES ON PAGES 20, 64 AND BACK

COVER

## SUPERIOR FERTILIZERS

### For the Lawn, Garden or Farm

PRICES NET F. O. B. SHIPPING POINT

#### CANADA UNLEACHED HARD-WOOD ASHES (ANDORRA BRAND)

Are a complete fertilizer, replenishing worn-out soils, and, for the lawn or pasture, are economical and valuable. For the lawn, they are easy to handle, produce no offensive odors, are not unsightly, and, quickly leaching into the soil, the chemical properties are at once available for plant food.

Our ashes are selected only from the hard-wood districts of Canada, are carefully screened, and put in convenient packages. Apply at the rate of 1,000 to 1,500 lbs. per acre for top-dressing, or 2,000 to 2,500

lbs. for new lawns.

50-lb.bag 100-lb.bag 200-lb.bbl. Ton (10 bbls.) \$1 00 \$1 50 \$2 50 \$20 00

Cars. 15 to 20 tons At special prices.

#### PREPARED LIME

Where soils, from constant applications of manure, are sour and need a fertilizer to sweeten them, lime is a valuable agent. It quickly puts the soil in condition to assimilate plant-food. It frees the potash, phosphoric acid and nitrogen already in the soil, and turns the nitrogen into the rich nitrates valuable for plant use.

Our prepared lime is fresh from the kilns, clean, well burnt, thoroughly decarbonized and especially prepared, so that it will go three times as far as the lump lime generally used, and is fine enough to run through a drill. Use 500 lbs. per acre.

100-lb. bag \$1 25

Ton \$12 00 Cars, 12 to 25 tons \$10 per ton.

#### POTASH AND PREPARED LIME

Where potash is needed in addition to lime, this preparation will be found valuable. It contains 4% actual potash, equal to 8% of sulphate of potash, the prepared lime being used as a filler, and makes a valuable top-dresser for lawn, pasture, or grass lands. Apply at the rate of 500 lbs. per acre.

> Ton 100-lb. bag Cars, 12 to 25 tons \$14 00 \$12 00 per ton \$1 50

#### PEAT

We have on hand a stock of carefully selected peat, suitable for potting or planting Rhododendrons and shrubs that need such soil. Sack of about 100 lbs., 75 cents. In sacks, \$13.50 per ton.

#### PURE GROUND BONE

A brand of excellent quality. Analysis on request.

200-lb. bag Ton \$3 50 \$32 00 Cars, 15 to 30 tons Special price.

## Andorra Nurseries

CHESTNUT HILL, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

**OUR NURSERIES** are extensive, covering six hundred acres, of which over three hundred are planted with trees and shrubs. They are easy of access, as Chestnut Hill is the terminus of branches of the Pennsylvania and the Philadelphia & Reading railroads, and the Chestnut Hill (City Line) trolley runs

from the stations to within three minutes' walk of the Nurseries.

QUALITY.—The trees and shrubs offered are grown in open, unsheltered ground, in a very exposed situation, which insures their hardiness, and on soil admirably adapted for forming robust plants having an abundance of roots. Special attention is called to the fact that our stock is grown a good distance apart in the rows, insuring heavier trees and shrubs than are generally offered.
SHIPPING SEASON opens about March 1 in the spring and August 15 in

INSPECTION AND FUMIGATION.—Our stock is regularly inspected and certificate will be sent with each shipment. Stock will be fumigated when requested or when the State laws require it.

#### TERMS AND CONDITIONS

-All orders are accepted subject to the following terms and Write plainly and give explicit directions as to address and conditions. mode of shipment.

STOCK SELECTED by customers at the Nurseries will be charged ac-

cording to the value of the trees chosen.

QUANTITY.—Lots of 5 and 50 will be furnished at the 10 and 100 rates respectively

PACKING.—All goods are thoroughly packed, thus avoiding risk, if de-

laved in transit. Packing charges are made at actual cost.

FORWARDING.—Shipments will be forwarded exactly as directed; but when without instructions, we will use our best judgment and forward by shortest and safest route. We recommend all herbaceous plants be shipped

RISK.—All goods are at purchaser's risk after they are delivered to the forwarding companies and we receive their receipt for the shipment in good

condition.

CLAIMS for damage while in transit must be made to the delivering company. Have delivering agent note the damaged condition on the freight

bill and present your claim through him promptly.

GUARANTEE AND CLAIMS.—All goods are guaranteed true to name, full count, up to grade, and in good condition when shipped. Any plant proving untrue to name will be replaced. Claims to receive consideration must be made within five days after receipt of goods. We give no guarantee of the life of stock.

TERMS, CASH WITH ORDER, except to persons who satisfy us as to

their responsibility.

Address all orders to

#### ANDORRA NURSERIES

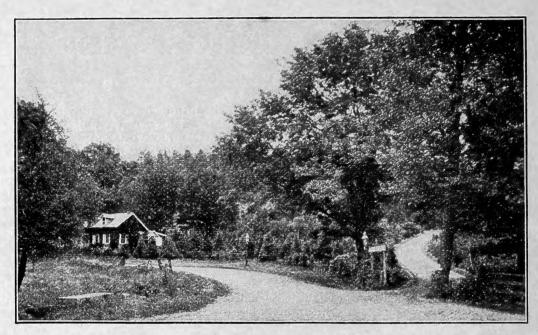
WM. WARNER HARPER, Prop.

Local and Long Distance Telephone

CHESTNUT HILL, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Telegraphic Address CHESTNUT HILL, PHILADELPHIA

Cable Address "ANDORRA," PHILADELPHIA



Nursery Entrance and Office.

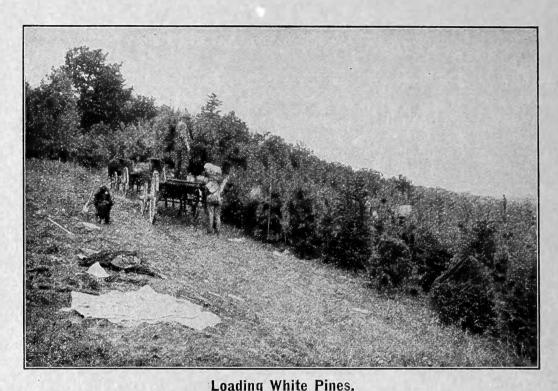
## **EVERGREEN TREES**

Each	10
	10
ABIES balsamea. Balsam Fir. 3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft. $250$	
5 to 6 ft	
Canadensis. See Tsuga Canadensis.	
concolor. White Fig. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
$4^{-}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 6 00	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft	
6 to 9 ft	
nobilis, var. glauca. Noble Silver Fir. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 5 00	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	
5 to 7 ft\$7.50 to 12 50	
Nordmanniana. Nordmann's Fir. 3 ft	
	42 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	57 50
32 to 1 tt	70 00
	85 00
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. Specimens	00 00
6 to 12 ft. Fine specimens. Prices on application.	
pectinata. European Silver Fir.	97 50
6 to 7 ft	$\frac{37}{47}$ 50
7 to 8 ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} 47 & 50 \\ 60 & 00 \end{array}$
8 to 10 ft	
BIOTA orientalis. Oriental Arborvitæ. 5 to 6 ft 3 00	27 50
6 to 7 ft	$\frac{37}{50}$
6 to 7 ft. Very heavy 6 00	55 00
7 to 9 ft	55 00
7 to 10 ft. Very broad and heavy\$7.50 to 15 00	

Flech	10
BIOTA orientalis, var. aurea nana. 15 to 18 in\$1 75	\$15 00
18 to 20 in	17 50
20 to 24 in	25 00
orientalis, var. aurea pyramidalis.	
3 to 4 ft 3 50	32 50
4 to 5 ft	42 50
orientalis, var. compacta. Compact Chinese Arbor-	
vitæ. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	30 00
3½ to 4 ft	35 00
4 to 5 ft \$ 00	45 00
5 to 6 ft	70 00
orientalis, var. conspicua. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	32 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	37 50
6 to 7 ft	70 00
7 to 9 ft	.0 00
orientalis, var. elegantissima. Rollinson's Golden Ar-	
borvitæ. $\overline{3}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft	4= =0
4 to 5 ft	47 50
5 to 7 ft	
branched Arborvitæ. 3 to 3½ ft 3 50	32 50
4 to 5 ft 4 00	02 00
orientalis, var. semperaurescens. Ever-golden Arbor-	
vitæ. 4 to 5 ft	
CEDRUS Atlantica, var. glauca. Mt. Atlas Silver Cedar—	
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $\frac{2}{2}$ ft. $\frac{50}{2}$	$\frac{22}{27}$ 50
5 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
7 to 8 ft	70 00
8 to 10 ft\$10 to 15 00	
<b>Deodara.</b> Deodar, or Indian Cedar. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 3 50	
4 to 6 ft	
CEPHALOTAXUS Fortunei. Fortune's Yew. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	
5 to 6 ft. Very broad and heavy 5 00	
6 to 7 ft	0= =0
CRYPTOMERIA Japonica, var. Lobbi compacta. $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} . \div 3 00  2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.} $	$\begin{array}{ccc} 27 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	37 50
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	47 50
II FX onaca American Holly 2½ to 3 ft   → 3 50	32 50
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 6 ft	
JUNIPERUS Canadensis. Spreading Canadian Juniper—	0.00
12 to 15 in. spreadper 100, \$60 1 00	9 00
15 to 18 in. spread	12 50
Canadensis, var. aurea; syn., Douglasi. Douglas'	
Golden Juniper. 12 to 15 in. spread 1 00	8 50
15 to 18 in. spread	12 50
18 to 24 in. spread. Heavy 2 00	15 00

White Price Office and City of Table 20 March 20	Eacl	
JUNIPERUS Chinensis. Chinese Juniper. 3 ft $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	$\frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{1}, \frac$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 0	
6 to 8 ft	\$6 to 10 0	
Chinensis, var. argentea margin hardy variety. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 f	ata. A grand	0 32 50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	4 5	0  42  50
5 to 6 ft		
7 to 8 ft. Specimens		
Chinensis, var. aurea. Golden Ch $3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft		0
4 to 5 ft	5 0	-
Chinensis, var. Pfitzeriana. 18 to	20 in. $20$	0 17 50
22 to 24 in		
communis. Common Upright Jun	iper—	
$\begin{array}{c} 3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \\ 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 5 \text{ ft.} \end{array}$		
communis, var. oblonga. 5 to 6 ft. communis, var. Suecica. Swedish	4 50	0 40 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1 5	
Fortunei. $\overset{\cdot}{6}$ to $6\frac{1}{2}$ ft Japonica. $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overset{\cdot}{5}$ ft,		
5 to $6$ ft	7 50	
Japonica, var. aurea. Golden Japonica $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		0 13 50
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
$3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	+ 4 00	0
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft		
5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
Japonica, var. nana aurea. Dwa x 15 to 18 in. broad		5 15 00
recurva, var. squamata. Scaly-lea 8 to 10 in. x 10 to 12 in. spr		0 13 50
8 to 10 in x 15 to 18 in, spr	ead	5 16 50
rigida. 7 to 12 ft	1\$7.50 to 25 00 in 2 00	<u>)</u>
$2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ it	2 5	0 22 50
$3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	Savin's Golden	) 52 50
Juniper. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		
$2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	15 in † 1 5	0 13 50
24 to 26 in	$\dots \dots $ 2 50 12 in. x 12 to	0 22 50
15 in. spread	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Virginiana. Red, or Virginia C	ledar. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft		
$4\frac{7}{2}$ to 5 ft		32 50
5 to 6 ft		)
		1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

TRICE LIST TOR STRING OF 1912		•
Ea	ch 10	
JUNIPERUS Virginiana, var. glauca. Blue Virginia Cedar-		
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	00 \$27 50	1
$4$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50 32 50	1
5 to 6 ft	00 37 50	
7 to 8 ft		,
	00	
Virginiana, var. Kosteri. Spreading—	-0 -10 -1	_
	50  13  50	)
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50 23 50	)
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50 32 50	)
Virginiana, var. Leei elegantissima. Golden Vir-		
ginian Cedar—		
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra heavy	50 32 50	)
	50 42 50	)
5 to 7 ft. Extra heavy		
8 to 9 ft		
		`
Virginiana, var. pendula. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		,
	00	
Virginiana, var. Schotti. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50 20 00	
	50  32  50	
5 to 6 ft+ 5	$00 - 45 \ 00$	)
7 to 8 ft	00	
PICEA alba. White Spruce. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50 12 50	)
	00 17 50	
	50 20 00	
5 to 6 ft 3		
6 to 7 ft		
	ŏŏ	
Alcockiana. Alcock's Spruce. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	00	
5 to 8 ft. Specimens\$4 to 15	00	
Engelmanni. Engelmann's Spruce—		
4 to 7 ft		
excelsa. Norway Spruce. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	00	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50	
	50 32 50	)
5 to 6 ft. Specimens 5		
6 to 7 ft. Specimens 6		
	50 60 00	
9 to 12 ft\$10 to 25		
excelsa, var. aurea. Golden Norway Spruce—		
3 to 4 ft	50	
	90	
excelsa, var. inverta. Weeping Norway Spruce—	~~	
5 to 6 ft	50	
7 to 9 ft		
excelsa, var. Remonti. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50 32 50	)
	50 22 50	
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft}$	$\frac{50}{50}$ $\frac{22}{32}$ $\frac{50}{50}$	
3½ to 4 ft Specimens	$\frac{30}{00}$ $\frac{32}{45}$ $\frac{30}{00}$	
	00 45 00	,
5 to 8 ft. Specimens	00	
		2
	$\frac{50}{50}$ 32 50	J
4 to 5 ft	90	
	50 22 50	)
8 to 10 ft	00	



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Each	10
<b>PICEA pungens.</b> Colorado Spruce. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$37 50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	45 00
4 to 5 ft	
6 to 10 ft	
pungens, var. glauca. Blue Colorado Spruce—	20 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Selected color	32 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Selected color	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft. Selected color	
5 to 10 ft. Selected color	
pungens, var. Kosteriana. Koster's Blue Colorado	22 50
Spruce. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$\frac{22}{32} \frac{50}{50}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	52 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Specimens	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft. Specimens	
4 to 5 ft. Specimens	
6 to 10 ft. Grand specimens	
pungens, var. pendula. Weeping Blue Colorado Spruce—	
3 to 4 ft. Fine specimens	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Fine specimens	
PINUS Austriaca. Austrian Pine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	13 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\frac{1}{22} \frac{1}{50}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	32 50
$4^2$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	37 50
$\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{10}$ to $\frac{5}{5}$ ft	47 50
5 to 8 ft	
<b>Cembra.</b> Swiss Stone Pine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 50	22 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	27 50
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 350$	32 50
$\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{10}$ to $\frac{4}{9}$ ft	37 50
$\frac{1}{2}$ 4 to $\frac{4}{2}$ ft	47 50
5 to 7 ft	

#### PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912

Each	10
PINUS excelsa. Bhotan Pine. 2½ to 3 ft.       \$2 50         5 to 5½ ft.       4 00         6 to 7 ft.       5 00         8 to 10 ft.       \$7.50 to 12 50	\$22 50 37 50 47 50
Koraiensis. Corean Pine, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	22 50
monticola. Mountain White Pine. 5 ft.       3 50         Mughus. Dwarf Mountain Pine. 10 to 12 in.       1 00         12 to 15 in.       1 50         15 to 18 in.       2 00         18 in.       2 50         24 in.       3 50	9 00 12 50 17 50
ponderosa. Bull Pine. 5 to 6 ft	32 50
10 to 12 ft	6 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 00 12 50 17 50 20 00 27 50 32 50
sylvestris.       Scotch Pine.       5 to 6 ft.        3 50         7 to 8 ft.        5 00         9 to 12 ft.        \$7.50 to 15 00         Tanyosho.       Japanese Table Pine—	
12 to 15 in	13 50
<b>PODOCARPUS Japonica.</b> Japanese Yew. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft $\div$ . 2 50 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9 00 32 50
RETINOSPORA ericoides. Heath-like Japan Cypress—         15 to 18 in.       75 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.       + 1 00         2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       + 1 50         3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       + 2 00	6 00 8 50 13 50 17 50
filifera. Thread-branched Japan Cypress—         12 to 15 in.       1 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.       3 50         3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       4 00 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Specimens $+$ .\$6 to 7 50         5 to 6 ft. Specimens $+$ .\$10 to 12 50         7 to 8 ft. Specimens $+$ .\$15 to 25 00	8 50 32 50 37 50
filifera, var. aurea. Golden Thread-branched Japan Cypress. 12 to 15 in 2 00 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	18 50

	Each	10
RETINOSPORA	leptoclada. Thuya-like Japan Cypress— $3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ $3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.}$ $3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.}$ $3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.}$	22 50 27 50
	4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	32 50 35 00
	3 to 4 ft	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 50 22 50 37 50
	obtusa, var. compacta. Compact Obtuse- leaved Japan Cypress. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	13 50
	obtusa, var. gracilis. Graceful Obtuse-leaved         Japan Cypress. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 50 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft 5 00 $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	22 50 47 50
	obtusa, var. magnifica. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 5 00 obtusa, var. nana. Dwarf Obtuse-leaved Japan Cypress. 1 ft 1 25	10 00
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	22 50 27 50 37 50
	obtusa, var. nana aurea. Dwarf Golden Obtuse-leaved Japan Cypress—	00 50
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	22 50 27 50 37 50
	<b>pisifera.</b> Pea-fruited Japan Cypress. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 1 25 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft	10 00 37 50
	pisifera, var. aurea.       Golden Pea-fruited Japan         Cypress. $2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $2$ 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft. $2$ 50 $3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $3$ 00 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft. $3$ 50 $4$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $4$ 00 $5$ to $6$ ft.       Specimens      \$5 to $7$ 50 $7$ to $14$ ft.       Specimens      \$10 to $35$ 00	17 50 22 50 27 50 32 50 37 50
	plumosa. Plume-like Japan Cypress— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2$ ft.       1 50         2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       2 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft.       2 50         3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       3 00 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft. Specimens       3 50         5 to $10$ ft. Specimens       3 50	13 50 17 50 22 50 27 50 32 50

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912	11
RETINOSPORA plumosa, var. argentea. $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ \$1 50 $2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \$12 \ 50 \\ 22 \ 50 \\ 22 \ 50 \end{array}$
3 to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 32 & 50 \\ 37 & 50 \end{array}$
plumosa, yar. aurea. Golden Plume-like	4 00
Japan Cypress, 12 in.       50         12 to 18 in.       75         2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       2 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft.       2 50         3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       3 00 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft. Specimens $4$ 3 50	$\begin{array}{c} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \\ 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \\ 27 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
$4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ Specimens	37 50
plumosa, var. flavescens. 1 ft 1 00 4 to 5 ft	8 50
plumosa, var. sulphurea. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	15 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	22 50 27 50 30 00
broad, bushy and low-branched. <b>SCIADOPITYS verticillata.</b> Umbrella Pine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $\bigstar$ . 3 50	32 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	45 00 72 50
TAXUS baccata. English Yew. 2 ft	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	
baccata, var. aurea. Golden English Yew—	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
<b>baccata</b> , var. Cheshuntensis. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
baccata, var. Dovastoni. Dovaston's Yew— $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 75$	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft	
4 to 5 ft	
baccata, var. Dovastoni aurea. Dovaston's Golden	
Yew. 4 to 5 ft. Specimens	
baccata, var. elegantissima. Elegant English Yew-	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
4 to 6 ft	

	Ea	a la	10
TAXUS	baccata, var. erecta, Erect English Yew-		10
	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ $+$ .\$2 $2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.}$	50 50	\$32 50
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	00	φ <b>02</b> 00
	baccata, var. erecta aurea. Erect Golden English Yew. 3 to 5 ft	50	
	baccata, var. erecta, Overeynder. (Form similar to		
	Fastigiata.) 4 to 6 ft		00 50
	baccata, var. fastigiata. Irish Yew. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	อบ 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50 00	60 00
	baccata, var. fastigiata aurea. Golden Irish Yew-		
	2 ft	50 50	
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	00	
NO.		00	
		$\frac{00}{00}$	
	5 to 6 ft. { <b>NEW</b> }	00	
	baccata, var. repandens. Spreading English Yew— 10 to 12 in	50	
	baccata, var. Washingtoni aurea. Washington's Golden		
	English Yew. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{50}{50}$	
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	00	
	Canadensis, var. aurea. Golden Canadian Yew— $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \longrightarrow 3$	50	32 50
	3 ft	50	<b>01</b>
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft		
	2 ft	50	
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		18 50
	cuspidata, var. brevifolia. 12 to 15 in	50	10 00
	$2^{\circ}$ ft	50 00	
	cuspidata, var. capitata. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 5	00	
THUJOF	PSIS borealis; syn., Cupressus Nutkænsis. Yellow or Sitka Cypress—		
	4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	00	$\frac{45}{70} \frac{00}{00}$
	5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft	90	10 00
	press. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50	32 50
	4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	50	45 00
	borealis, var. pendula. Drooping Sitka Cypress—		
	4 to 5 ft	00	

TRICE LIST FOR STRING OF 1912		10
2½ to 3 ft.	1 25 1 50 2 00 2 50 3 00 3 50 4 00 4 50 7 50 2 50	10 \$8 50 10 00 12 50 19 00 22 50 27 50 32 50 37 50 42 50
occidentalis, var. aurea. George Peabody's Arborvitæ—  2½ to 3 ft	1 50 2 50 4 00 5 00 5 00	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \ 50 \\ 20 \ 00 \\ 37 \ 50 \\ 45 \ 00 \end{array}$
occidentalis, var. Douglasi. 5 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 5 & 00 \end{array}$	22 50
2 ft	2 50	17 50 22 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Very heavy	2 50 3 00 3 50	22 50 32 50
occidentalis, var. Lobbi aurea. 4 to 5 ft	$\frac{3}{3} \frac{00}{50}$	22 50 27 50 32 50
occidentalis, var. pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ- 6 to 8 ft	$\frac{4}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	
occidentalis, var. Rosenthalis. $3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft	3 50  3 50	32 50 37 50
5 to 6 ft	$   \begin{array}{cccc}     5 & 00 \\     7 & 50 \\     0 & 00   \end{array} $	47 50 70 00 90 00
occidentalis, var. Wareana. Siberian Arborvitæ—  2½ to 3 ft.  3 to 3½ ft.  4 ft.  5 ft.; very heavy.	$\frac{4}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	22 50 32 50
$5$ to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; very heavy	7 50 0 00	70 00

. E	ach 10
THUYA occidentalis, var. Wareana aurea. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$2	50 \$22 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	00 - 28 00
$\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft 5	
TSUGA Canadensis. Hemlock. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft $+$ per 100, \$50	75 <b>6</b> 00
	$\frac{00}{50}$ $\frac{7}{10}$ $\frac{50}{50}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. $+$ . per 100, \$100 1	
$\frac{3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}}{3\frac{1}{4} \text{ ft.}} \mid \mathbf{GRAND} \mid \bullet \text{ per } 100, \$135 \frac{1}{2}$	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft. $4$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $2$	
$\frac{4\frac{1}{2} \text{ to 5 ft.}}{5 \text{ to } 5\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}}$	
$5\frac{1}{2}$ to $6$ ft. $4$	
7 to 12 ft. Heavy specimens	
The finest and largest stock offered.	
Canadensis, var. gracilis. $\hat{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50
Canadensis, var. Sargenti pendula. Weeping Hemlock-	_
2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	00
Caroliniana. Southern Hemlock. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft $+$ 3	00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
4 to 5 ft. Specimens $\dots + $ 5 to 7	
5 to 6 ft. Specimens $$	
6 to 7 ft. Specimens	00
<b>Hookeriana.</b> Alpine Hemlock. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 4	
5 to 6 ft\$5 to 7	90
<b>Sieboldi.</b> Japanese Hemlock. 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft	



Showing Fibrous Roots of Hemlock.



A Block of Box Bush and Evergreens.

## **EVERGREEN SHRUBS**

ANDROMEDA Catesbæi. See Leucothoë.	Each	10
floribunda. 12 in. Broad and heavy		\$13 50
12 to 15 in. Broad and heavy		16 00
15 to 18 in. Broad and heavy		$\frac{18}{18}  \frac{50}{50}$
Japonica. 12 to 15 in		10 00
15 to 18 in		$\frac{10}{12} \frac{10}{50}$
18 to 20 in		18 50
20 to 24 in.		$\frac{10}{20} \frac{30}{00}$
		8 50
AZALEA amena. 12 to 15 in.		$\frac{3}{12} \frac{50}{50}$
15 to 18 in. Bushy		$\frac{12}{17} \frac{50}{50}$
$\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{2\frac{1}{4}}$ ft. Bushy		11 90
$2\frac{7}{2}$ ft. Specimens	0 0 00	
amæna, var. Hinondigiro. Bright carmine—	1 00	7 50
10 to 12 in		7 50
12 to 15 in		10 50
15 to 18 in	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{50}$	18 50
Indica alba. Pure white. 18 to 20 in	$\frac{2}{5}$	22 50
20 to 22 in	. 3 50	$\frac{32}{12}$ $\frac{50}{12}$
22 to 24 in	. 5 00	47 50
BUXUS Japonica; syn., Fortunei. Japanese Box. 1 to 1½ ft	. 1 50	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2$ ft	$\frac{2}{2}$ 00	
3 to 4 ft. Specimens	o 7 50	
Japonica, var. aurea. Golden Japanese Box-	4 00	0.00
12 to 15 in	. 1 00	9 00
15 to $18$ in. $12$ ft. $18$ ft. $12$ ft. $12$ ft. $12$ ft. $12$	. 1 50	12 50
1½ ft	. 1 75	15 00
2 ft ( )	. 2 50	$\frac{22}{50}$
$2rac{1}{2}$ ft	. 3 50	32 50
Japonica, var. rotundifolia. Round-leaved—		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Very broad and bushy	. 7 50	
4 to 5 ft. Bush shape	10 00	
5 to 6 ft. Pyramids	15 00	

BUXUS Japonica, var. rotundifolia glauca. 1½ ft	$^{10}_{\$13}$ $^{50}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	55 00
sempervirens. Andorra-grown. 1 ft. Extra bushyper 100, \$40 75	6 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 10 & 00 \\ 16 & 50 \end{array}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra bushy	$32 \ 50$
3 ft. Extra bushy. Specimens $\div$ 4 50 3\frac{1}{2} ft. Extra bushy. Specimens $\div$ 6 00	$\frac{40}{55} \frac{00}{00}$
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra bushy. Specimens $+$ . \$7.50 to 10 00	00 00
5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra bushy	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra bushy. Specimens	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
3 ft. Extra bushy. Specimens	.55 00
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra bushy. Specimens. \$7.50 to 10 00	
sempervirens. "Globe-shaped"—	40 50
12 in. x 12 in	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \ 50 \\ 18 \ 50 \end{array}$
sempervirens. Standards. Andorra-grown— $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. stems, 10 to 12 in. heads	16 50
2 ft. stems, 12 to 15 in. heads	18 50
2 ft. stems, 18 to 20 in. heads	37 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. stems, 26 to 28 in. heads	
sempervirens, var. angustifolia. 2 ft	16 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	47 50
sempervirens, var. argentea marginata. Silver-tipped	
Box. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2$ ft	22 50
sempervirens, var. Handsworthi. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	37.50
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	TE 00
3½ to 4 ft	
2 ft 1 75	16 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
sempervirens, var. salicifolia. $2 \text{ ft.} \dots 1 75$ $2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$4 to 5 00	_, _,
sempervirens, var. suffruticosa. Dwarf Box Edging—3 to 4 in	75
3 to 4 in	
CERASUS Laurocerasus Caucasica. Caucasian Laurel—	
2 to 3 ft	9 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
CHAMÆDAPHNE calyculata. Leather Leaf—	
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. } \dots \text{per } 100, \$75 1 50$ <b>COTONEASTER buxifolia.</b> 1 ft	
microphylla. 1 ft	

Ea	ach	10
CRATÆGUS Pyracantha, var. Lelandi. Leland's Evergreen Thorn. 2 ft	00	<b>\$7</b> 50
DAPHNE Cneorum. 3-year	75	6 00
EUONYMUS radicans and variegata, See Trailing Plants.	••	0 00
Japonica. Japan Euonymus-		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	75	6 00
Japonica, var. argentea. Silver-leaved. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2$	75	6 00
Japonica, var. aurea. Golden-leaved. 15 to 18 in.	75	6 00
ILEX crenata. Japanese Holly—		
	50 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$32 \ 50$
3 ft 5	00	40 00
crenata, var. buxifolia. Box-leaved— $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	22 50
3 ft 3	50	$\frac{5}{32}  \frac{50}{50}$
3½ to 5 ft. Specimens\$5 to 10	00	
crenata, var. Fortunei. Fortune's Holly— $2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	22 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft	50	$32 \ 50$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft		45 00
crenata, var. latifolia. Broad-leaved Japanese Holly—		
$3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft		22 50
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 50	32 50
crenata, var. microphylla. Small-leaved Japanese Holly-	-	
12 to 15 in. Bushy	00	8 50
15 to 18 in. Bushy	25 75	$   \begin{array}{ccc}     10 & 00 \\     15 & 00   \end{array} $
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	$\frac{1}{22}$ 50
$3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy specimens\$3.50 to $5$ 4 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy specimens\$7.50 to $12$	50 50	
KALMIA latifolia. Mountain Laurel—		
$\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy clumps		12 50
2 ft. Heavy clumps	50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Heavy clumps	00	28 50
$3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy clumps	90 00	$\frac{32}{47} \frac{50}{50}$
LAURELS. See Cerasus Laurocerasus.		1. 00
LEUCOTHOE Catesbæi. Drooping Andromeda—	00	0 50
12 to 15 in. Clumps+per 100, \$601 15 to 18 in. Clumps+per 100, \$751	50	$\begin{array}{c} 8 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
18 to 24 in. Clumps★per 100, \$100 1	75	$\overline{15}$ $\overline{00}$
MAHONIA Aquifolium. Holly-leaved—  18 to 24 in	00	0.00
24 to 30 in 1		$\begin{array}{ccc} 9 & 00 \\ 13 & 50 \end{array}$
Japonica. Japanese Mahonia—		10 50
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 18 & 50 \end{array}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	32 50
OSMANTHUS ilicifolia. 3 to 5 ft\$2.50 to 5	00	



Rhododendrons at Andorra.

### **RHODODENDRONS**

#### HYBRID VARIETIES — ANDORRA-GROWN

Our fall offering of Rhododendrons consists of many thousand plants, in fifty varieties, and in a range of sizes from one to five feet. These are acclimated—Andorra-grown stock—in the hardiest varieties. They are grown in open, unsheltered ground, with northern exposure, and the windswept hills of Andorra are not kind to anything of a tender nature, so that you may depend upon Andorra-grown Rhododendrons being of the hardiest, and supplied with excellent balls of fibrous roots.

nardiest, and suppr	Each	10
RHODODENDRONS.	Catawhiense Hybrids Assorted. Our selec-	
	tion of varieties—	
A	15 to 18 in	\$10 00
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft $+$ . per 100, \$110 1 50	12 50
N	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $+$ . per 100, \$150 2 00	<b>17</b> 50
D	A large stock of standard varieties,	
	fine, heavy plants, 3 to 5 ft.	
0	Prices on application.	
	Abraham Lincoln. Rosy crimson—	15 00
R	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	19 00
R	Album elegans. White—	<b>1</b> F 00
	$\frac{1_{\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$ to 2 ft	$\frac{15}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
A	$2^{-}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{20}{20} \frac{00}{50}$
	$\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ ft	32 50
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. Specimens\$3.50 to 10 00	
· ·	Alex. Dancer. Light scarlet—	<b>4</b> = 00
G	15 to 18 in	$\frac{15}{10} \frac{00}{50}$
	Anna Parsons. Red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 50	<b>12</b> 50
R	Atrosanguineum. Dark scarlet—	4= = = 0
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	17 50
0	Blandyanum. Rosy crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft $\frac{1}{2}$ 75	15 00
W	$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{2}$ ft	20 00
VV	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
N	3 to 4 ft. Specimens\$5 to 15 00	
**	Boule de Neige. White, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 00	17 50

	RICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912	10
	Each	10
RHODODENDRONS,	Candidissimum. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$\frac{1}{2} \frac{75}{2}	\$15 00
	2 ft	17 50
	Caractacus. Purplish crimson— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 75	15 00
	$2  ext{ to } 2\frac{1}{2}  ext{ ft.} \dots 2  ext{ } 25$	20 00
	2½ to 3 ft. Specimens\$3.50 to 7 50	17.50
	Charles Bagley. Bright red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2$ ft $2$ 00 $2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $2$ 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
	Charles Dickens. Scarlet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 00	17 50
	$2  ext{ ft.}$	$\frac{22}{15} \frac{50}{00}$
	2 ft 2 25	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 20 & 00 \end{array}$
	<b>Emily Parsons.</b> $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2$ ft 1 50	12 50
A	Everestianum. Rosy lilac. 15 to 18 in 1 75	15 00
	18 to 20 in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
N	$20 \text{ to } 24 \text{ in.}$ $250$ <b>General Grant.</b> Red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $250$	17 50
-	2 11	$\frac{22}{20}$ 50
D	Giganteum. Rosy crimson. $2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $2$ $25$ H. W. Sargent. Scarlet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft $2$ $00$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$
•	H. H. Hunnewell. Dark crimson—	1, 00
0	Open, 18 in	17 50
D	J. Marshall Brooks. Scarlet. 12 to 15 in. 1 25 John Spencer. Rose. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
R	John Walter. Rich crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 00	17 50
R	2 ft	$\frac{22}{20}$ 50
K	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
A	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{32}{45} \frac{30}{00}$
Α	<b>Lady Armstrong.</b> Pale rose. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 75	$\frac{15}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
	$2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	20 00
	15 to 18 in 1 50	12 50
G	15 to 18 in	17 50
	Michael Waterer. Scarlet-crimson—	
R	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	<b>15</b> 00
	Mrs. H. Ingersoll. Rose-lilac—	00 50
0	15 to 18 in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
***	Mrs. Milner. Crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	15 00
W	2 ft	<b>17</b> 50
B.f	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ ft	17 50
14	2 ft 2 50	22 50
	Parson's gloriosum. Blush. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 50 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 27 & 50 \end{array}$
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	<b>= ( -90</b>
	4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
	Parson's grandiflorum rubrum. Bright pink—	<b>17</b> 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	22 50
	President Lincoln. Crimson—	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
	Purpureum crispum. Purple, crimped—	<i>20</i> 00
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	15 00

	Each	10
<b>RHODODENDRONS</b> , purpureum elegans. Purple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft $3$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft \$3.50 to	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$17 50
purpureum grandiflorum. Purple—		19 50
A $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 13 & 50 \\ 13 & 50 \end{array}$
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
3 to 5 ft. Specimens\$7.50 to	$25 \ 00$	
O roseum superbum. Clear rose. $2$ ft $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		$\begin{array}{ccc} {\bf 17} & {\bf 50} \\ {\bf 32} & {\bf 50} \end{array}$
$\mathbf{R}$ 3 ft	7 50	<b>22</b> 50
R Sir John Seabright. Purple. 1½ to 2 ft	$\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{30}{75}$	$\frac{22}{15} \frac{30}{00}$
A NATIVE VARIETIES—ANDORRA-GROW		
Catawhiense. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ftper 100, \$80	Each \$1 25	\$10 \$10 00
2 ftper 100, \$115	2 00	$\begin{array}{cccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
3 ft	7 50	44 50
$R$ 3\frac{1}{2} \tau 4\frac{1}{2} \tau. Specimens\$10 to maximum. Great Laurel—	20 00	
$\frac{0}{2}$ to 2 ft	1 25	11 00
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} {f 17} & {f 50} \\ {f 25} & {f 00} \end{array}$
$oldsymbol{N}$ $oldsymbol{3}^2$ to $oldsymbol{3}^1_2$ ft. $oldsymbol{3}^1_2$ to $oldsymbol{4}$ ft.	4 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 37 & 50 \\ 47 & 50 \end{array}$
4 to 5 ft		60 00
Collected Rhododendron maximum by the carload.		
DWADE VARIETIES ANDORDA CROWN		
DWARF VARIETIES — ANDORRA-GROWN	Each	10
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$2 00	
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$13 50 13 50
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$2 00 1 50 1 50 2 50 2 00	\$13 50
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$2 00 1 50 1 50 2 50 2 00 2 50	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$2 00 1 50 1 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 3 00 1 50	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$2 00 1 50 1 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 3 00 1 50 1 50	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50
RHODODENDRON       Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\begin{array}{c} \$2 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \\ \end{array}$	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50
RHODODENDRON       Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       Hirsutum.       12 to 15 in.       Impricata.       12 to 15 in.       Impricata.       12 to 15 in.       Impricata.       Im	$\begin{array}{c} \$2 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 5 \end{array}$	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00
RHODODENDRON       Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\begin{array}{c} \$2 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 5 \end{array}$	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft.  Hirsutum. 12 to 15 in.  imbricata. 12 to 15 in.  myrtifolium. 1½ to 2 ft.  odoratum. Fragrant. 12 to 15 in.  15 to 18 in.  24 in.  precox. 12 to 15 in.  punctatum. Dotted. 15 to 18 in.  18 to 24 in.  Wilsonianum. 12 to 15 in.  YUCCA filamentosa. Adam's Needle. 3-year  4-yr.  Heavy clumps \$1.50 to	\$2 00 1 50 1 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 3 00 1 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft.  Hirsutum. 12 to 15 in.  imbricata. 12 to 15 in.  myrtifolium. 1½ to 2 ft.  odoratum. Fragrant. 12 to 15 in.  15 to 18 in.  24 in.  precox. 12 to 15 in.  punctatum. Dotted. 15 to 18 in.  18 to 24 in.  Wilsonianum. 12 to 15 in.  YUCCA filamentosa. Adam's Needle. 3-year  4-yr.  Heavy clumps \$1.50 to  DECIDUOUS TREES  Measurements are given as follows: Height is taken to from the surface of the ground to the top branches, where to form the top; diameter of stem, or caliper, is taken 6 incoground above the collar.	\$2 00 1 50 1 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 3 00 1 50 2 50 3 50 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 5	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00 digging, ound off pove the 10
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft.  Hirsutum. 12 to 15 in.  imbricata. 12 to 15 in.  myrtifolium. 1½ to 2 ft.  odoratum. Fragrant. 12 to 15 in.  15 to 18 in.  24 in.  precox. 12 to 15 in.  punctatum. Dotted. 15 to 18 in.  18 to 24 in.  Wilsonianum. 12 to 15 in.  YUCCA filamentosa. Adam's Needle. 3-year  4-yr.  Heavy clumps \$1.50 to  DECIDUOUS TREES  Measurements are given as follows: Height is taken to from the surface of the ground to the top branches, where to form the top; diameter of stem, or caliper, is taken 6 inc ground above the collar.  ACER campestris. European Cork Maple. 5 to 6 ft.	\$2 00 1 50 1 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 3 00 1 50 2 50 3 55 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 5	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00 digging, ound off bove the 10 \$8 50
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft.  Hirsutum. 12 to 15 in.  imbricata. 12 to 15 in.  myrtifolium. 1½ to 2 ft.  odoratum. Fragrant. 12 to 15 in.  15 to 18 in.  24 in.  precox. 12 to 15 in.  punctatum. Dotted. 15 to 18 in.  18 to 24 in.  Wilsonianum. 12 to 15 in.  YUCCA filamentosa. Adam's Needle. 3-year  4-yr.  Heavy clumps \$1.50 to  DECIDUOUS TREES  Measurements are given as follows: Height is taken to from the surface of the ground to the top branches, where to form the top; diameter of stem, or caliper, is taken 6 incoground above the collar.	\$2 00 1 50 1 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 3 00 1 50 2 50 2 50 3 55 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 3 55 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 3 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 2	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00 digging, ound off pove the 10



Straight Norway Maples in Wide Rows. Each Tree a Specimen.

Lach Tree a Openmen.			
ACER dasycarpum.       Silver Maple       Ea         12 to 14 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in.       \$2         12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in.       2         12 to 14 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in.       3         4 to 6 in.       Specimens       \$5 to 25         A rapid grower for immediate effects.	$\frac{50}{50}$	10 \$30 00	100
dasycarpum, var. Wierii laciniatum. Wier's			
Cut-leaved Silver Maple—  10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	50 00 50 50 00	9 00 10 00 20 00	
platanoides. Norway Maple—  8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	00 50 00 50 00 50 00 50	16 50 18 50 22 50 27 50 30 00 37 50 42 50 50 00 60 00	\$150 <b>00</b> 175 <b>00</b> 200 <b>00</b> 225 <b>00</b> 250 <b>00</b> 300 <b>00</b> 400 <b>00</b> 475 <b>00</b> 550 <b>00</b>

Each	. 10	100
ACER platanoides, var. purpurea. Schwedler's Purple  Maple. 8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ in\$1 75  8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in	\$15 00 22 50 32 50 37 50	
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in	12 50 17 50 22 50	
more Maple— 8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in 2 00 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 2 50 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to 6 in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	
Broad-headed specimen trees.  rubrum. Red or Scarlet Maple. 6 to 7 ft 1 00 8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in 1 50 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in 2 00 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in\$2.50 to 5 00 saccharinum. Sugar Maple. 8 to 10 ft 1 50	$\begin{array}{c} 8 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 10 & 00 \\ 0 & 00 \\ \end{array}$	90 00
10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	15 00 17 50 22 50 32 50 45 00	125 00 150 00 200 00 275 00
heavy caliper and good tops. Prices on application.		
spicatum.         Mountain Maple.         3 to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 00 \\ 8 & 50 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$	50 00 60 00
2 ft. 50 3 to 4 ft. Bushy FINE \ 1 00 6 to 8 ft. Bushy 1 25 Most brilliant of the fall-coloring trees. Superb for mass planting.	3 50 6 50 9 00 10 00	35 00 50 00 60 00
JAPANESE MAPLES		
polymorphum. 3 to 5 ft. Heavy\$2 to 5 00 polymorphum, var. atropurpureum. Bloodleaved Japan Maple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$\div \tau \ 2 00 \\ \frac{2}{2}\frac{1}{2}\$ ft\$\div \tau \ 3 50 \\ 3 to 5 ft. Specimens, bushy and well furnished  \\$7.50 to 25 00	13 50 18 50 32 50	100

	_		
	h 1	()	100
ACER polymorphum, var. atropurpureum dissectum.			
Weeping Cut-leaf Blood-leaved—	Cecello a	50	
$\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens $\div$ \$3.50 to 10 00	0 \$22	-)()	
Tall standards, 4 to 5 ft. Broad			
heads	U		
pclymorphum, var. aureum. Golden Japan			
Maple. 15 to 2 it	0 22	50	
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \longrightarrow 3.5$	0 - 32	50	
polymorphum, var. dissectum. Cut-leaf Weep-	റ ഉ	50	
ing Japan Maple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft		50	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	ñ		
nolymorphum var scopendifolium ruhrum.			
3 to 4 ft\$3.50 to 10 0	0		
ASCULUS Hippocastanum. European Horse-chest-			
nut. 7 to 8 ft.; 2 in 2 5	0  22	50	
8 to 10 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ in $\uparrow$ 3 5	0 - 32	50	
10 to 16 ft.; 3 to 7 in\$5 to 35 0	U		
Hippocastanum, var. alba flore pleno.			
Double White-Flowered Horse-chest- nut. 8 to 9 ft.; 2 in 2 5	0 92	50	
9 to 10 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. $2\frac{1}{2}$	$\tilde{0}$ $\tilde{3}\tilde{2}$	50	
10 to 11 ft.; 3 in \$5 to 7 5	ŏ		
11 to 12 ft.; $3\frac{1}{4}$ to 6 in\$7.50 to 25 0	0		
Hippocastanum, var. Bujotii—			
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ in. $+$ \$3.50 to $5$ 0 10 to 12 ft.; $3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in $+$ \$5 to $7$ 5	0 - 0		
10 to 12 ft.; 3 to 3½ in	U		
Hippocastanum, var. rubicunda. Red- flowered Horse-chestnut—			
$8 \text{ to } 10 \text{ ft.}$ ; $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{4} \text{ in.} \dots 25$	0 22	50	
10 ft.; $2\frac{1}{4}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 5	$\tilde{0}$ $\tilde{3}\tilde{2}$	50	
10 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in 4 0	0 - 37	50	
12 ft.; 3 to 4 in $+$ \$5 to 15 0	0		
parviflora. See Shrubs.			
AlLANTHUS glandulosa. Ailanthus, or Tree of			
Heaven—	5 10	00	
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in 1 2 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 1 5	0 - 10	$\frac{00}{50}$	\$100.00
ALNUS glutinosa. European, or Black Alder—	0 1.2	•••	di I (v)
8 to 10 ft.: $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	0 5	00	35 00
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	0 - 12	50	75 00
incana. 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 1 5	0 10		75 - 00
incana, var. laciniata, 8 to 9 ft 1 5	0 - 12	50	
AMELANCHIER Canadensis. Shad Bush—	0 9	50	
2 to 3 ft	U 5	50	
ARALIA. Chinese Angelica Tree—			
elata, var. foliis argentea marginata.			
8 to 10 ft 1 5		50	
10 to 12 ft 2 5		00	
Japonica. 3 to 4 ft 5		00	
4 to 5 ft	-	00	
10 to 12 ft	U		
spinosa. 3 to 4 ft 5	0 4	00	
		00	
10 to 12 ft 2 0			

Fach	10	400
BETULA alba. European White Weeping Birch—	. 10	100
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
alba, var. laciniata pendula. Weeping Cutleaved White Birch. 6 to 7 ft 1 50		
lenta. Sweet Birch. 6 to 7 ft 1 00	\$ 7 50	
8 to 10 ft	12 50	
lutea. Yellow Birch— 8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$	
papyrifera. Paper, or Canoe Birch—		
7 to 8 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 8 & 50 \\ 13 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	\$60 00 150 00
	22 50	190 00
BROUSSONETIA papyrifera. Paper Mulberry— 8 to 10 ft 1 50	12 50	
CARAGANA. (Siberian Pea Tree.) Standards in varieties. 4 to 5 ft 2 50	20 00	
CARPINUS Americana; syn., Caroliniana. American		
Hornbeam. 4 to 5 ft. Bushy. 1 00 5 to 6 ft. Bushy. 1 50 6 to 7 ft. Bushy. 2 00 7 to 9 ft. Bushy. 2 50 9 to 10 ft. Bushy. 3 50	$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 50 \\ 10 & 00 \\ 13 & 50 \\ 20 & 00 \\ 27 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 50 & 00 \\ 75 & 00 \\ 85 & 00 \\ 150 & 00 \end{array}$
Betulus. European Hornbeam—		
4 to 5 ft. Bushy	$     \begin{array}{c}       6 & 00 \\       13 & 50 \\       18 & 50 \\       30 & 00     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{ccc} 40 & 00 \\ 75 & 00 \\ 100 & 00 \end{array}$
CARYA alba. (Hickory.) $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	5 00	
tomentosa. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	7 50	
CASTANEA Japonica. Japan Chestnut. 4 to 5 ft 1 00	7 50	
vesca. Spanish Chestnut. 4 to 5 ft 1 00	7 50	
CATALPA bignonioides. 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 50 bignonioides, var. aurea. Golden	30 00	
Catalpa— 4 to 5 ft	7 50	
Bungei. Bunge's Catalpa. Standards—		
7 ft	12 50	
speciosa. Western Catalpa. 6 to 8 ft. 1 00	7 50	
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	13 50	
CEDRELA Sinensis. Chinese Cedrela— 8 to 10 ft		

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912		20
Each	10	100
CELTIS occidentalis. Nettle Tree. 7 to 8 ft\$1 25	\$10 00	\$75 00
9 to 10 ft	12 50	90 00
10 to 12 ft 2 00	17 50	
CERASUS Padus. European Bird Cherry—	0.00	
5 to 7 ft	6 00	
14 to 16 ft	17 50	
flowering Cherry. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 1 50  Avium, var. rosea plena. Double Pink-	13 50	
flowering Cherry. 4 to 5 ft 1 50	13 50	
Avium, var. rosea pendula. Pink Weeping Japan Cherry. 4 to 5 ft 2 50		
Japan Cherry. 4 to 5 ft 2 50		
7 ft. Specimens 5 00		
Sieboldi, var. rubra plena. 4 to 5 ft 1 50		
CERCIS Canadensis. Red Bud, American Judas—	4 00	
3 to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 4 & 00 \\ & 6 & 00 \end{array}$	
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{5}{7} \frac{50}{50}$	
6 to 7 ft	10 00	
Japonica. See Shrubs.		
<b>CERCIDIPHYLLUM Japonicum.</b> $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft 1 00	8 50	
5 to 6 ft 1 50	12 50	100 00
7 to 8 ft 2 00	17 50	
8 to 9 ft 2 50	22 50	
CLADRASTIS tinctoria (Virgilia lutea). Yellow	19 50	100 00
Wood. 6 to 8 ft 1 50 8 to 10 ft 2 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 13 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 100 & 00 \\ 150 & 00 \end{array}$
10 to 12 ft	$\frac{1}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	100 00
CORNUS. See, also, Shrubs.	00	
florida. White Dogwood—		
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft.; very fine	7 50	20.00
4 to 5 ft.; very fine 1.25	10 00	$\frac{60}{75} \frac{00}{00}$
5 to 6 ft.; very fine	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$	75 00
7 to 8 ft.; very fine	$\frac{13}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	
7 to 8 ft.; very fine	$\frac{57}{50}$	
norida, var. Hore rubro. Red-flowered		
Dogwood. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{50}{2}$	$\frac{12}{20}$ $\frac{50}{20}$	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	20 00	
4 to 5 ft. Bushy		
5 to 6 ft. Bushy		
One of the most beautiful of		
ornamental trees.		
florida, var. pendula. Weeping Dog-		
wood— 7 to 10 ft. Rare		
CRATÆGUS Carrieri. 4 to 5 ft 1 00	7 50	
5 to 6 ft	10 00	
6 to 7 ft	12 50	
7 to 8 ft 2 50	$\frac{1}{22}$ 50	
coccinea. 4 to 5 ft 1 00		
6 to 7 ft		
cordata. Washington Thorn— 4 to 5 ft 1 00	8 50	
1 to 0 1t,	0 100	

#### ANDORRA NURSERIES

CRATÆGUS Crus-galli. Cockspur Thorn—	· 10	100
2 to 3 ft\$0 50	<b>\$4</b> 00	
mollis. Scarlet Haw. 7 to 8 ft 3 50  Oxyacantha. English Hawthorn—	φ <b>π</b> 00	
4 to 6 ft 1 00	8 50	
Oxyacantha, var. alba flore pleno.	0 00	
Double White Hawthorn—		
4 to 5 ft 1 50	10 00	
Oxyacantha, var. coccinea flore pleno.	20 00.	
Paul's Double Scarlet—		
4 to 5 ft 1 00	9 00	
8 ft. Standards 2 50	0 00	
10 to 12 ft. Standards. \$3.50 to 7 50		
Oxyacantha war rosea flore nleno		
Oxyacantha, var. rosea flore pleno.  Double Pink Hawthorn—		
4 to 5 ft 1 50	10 00	
CYTISUS Laburnum. Golden Chain. 3 to 4 ft 50	4 00	
4 to 5 ft	6 00	
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{0}{13} \frac{00}{50}$	
	19 90	
DIOSPYROS Virginica. Persimmon. 10 to 12 ft 1 50		
FAGUS ferruginea. American Beech—		
3 ft 1 50	$13 \ 50$	
4 ft 2 00	18 50	
sylvatica. European Beech. 3 to 4 ft 75	6 00	
4 to 5 ft 1 00	7 50	
5 to 6 ft	15 00	
6 to 7 ft 3 50	$32 \ 50$	
7 to 8 ft\$3.50 to 7 50		
9 to 10 it. Specimens		
sylvatica, var. asplenifolia. Fern - like Beech-		
Beech-		
3 to 4 ft		
4 to 5 ft		
sylvatica, var. pendula. Weeping Beech-		
4 to 5 ft		
6 to 7 ft		
2 14 to 16 it.; 2 to 3½ in. Speci-		
Mens		
An recently transplanted.		
sylvatica, var. purpurea. Purple Beech—	12 50	
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{12}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	
6 to 7 ft	$\frac{22}{32} \frac{50}{50}$	
7 to 8 ft	$\frac{32}{47} \frac{50}{50}$	
9 to 10 ft 6 00	55 00	
11 to 12 ft	70 00	
12 to 14 ft. Specimens\$10 to 35 00		
sylvatica, var. purpurea pendula. Weeping		^ )
Purple Beech—		* .
$5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 ft		
sylvatica, var. purpurea major. Large leaf—		
6 to 7 ft 3 50		
7 to 8 ft\$5 to 7 50		
sylvatica, var. Riversi. Rivers' Blood-leaved		
Beech. 6 to 7 ft 3 50		
7 to 8 ft 4 00		
8 to 10 ft\$5 to 7 50		



An Avenue of Sweet Gums (Liquidambar), at Andorra.

Each	10	100
FRAXINUS Americana. White Ash. 8 to 10 ft\$1 25	\$10 00	
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	12 50	\$100 00
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in	22 50	•
14 to 16 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in	27 50	
14 to 16 ft.; 3 to 4 in\$4 to 5 00		
excelsior. European Ash—		
6 to 8 ft		
8 to 10 ft		
Ornus. Flowering Ash. 7 to 8 ft 2 50	22 50	
8 to 10 ft. Heavy 3 50		
viridis. Green Ash. 5 to 6 ft 50	3 50	
GLEDITSCHIA aquatica. Water Locust. 7 to 8 ft 2 00	15 00	
8 to 10 ft		
triacanthos. Honey Locust—		
5 to 6 ft 75	6 00	
7 to 8 ft 1 50	12  50	
GLYPTOSTROBUS. See Taxodium.		
GYMNOCLADUS Canadensis. Kentucky Coffee Tree		
8 to 10 ft 2 00	17 50	
10 to 12 ft 2 50	22 50	
JUGLANS nigra. Black Walnut. 3 to 4 ft 75	5 00	35 00
7 to 8 ft 1 50	8 50	75 00
8 to 10 ft 2 00		
regia. English Walnut—		
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in		
10 to 12 ft.; $\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 50		
KŒLREUTERIA paniculata. Varnish Tree-	40 40	
6 to 8 ft	18 50	
8 to 10 ft 3 00	27 50	
10 to 12 ft. Heavy\$4 to 5 00		

20			
LADIV E	Each	. 10	100
LARIX Europ	Dec.       European Larch.       6 to 8 ft.       \$1 25         8 to 10 ft.       1 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} \$10 & 00 \\ 13 & 50 \end{array}$	\$85 00
	0 to 12 ft	$\frac{15}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	<b>\$00</b> 00
	epsis. Japanese Larch. 10 to 12 ft 2 50	$\frac{5}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	
12	2 to 14 ft	27 - 50	
LIQUIDAMBA		$\frac{12}{20}$ $\frac{50}{50}$	85 00
	7 to 8 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. Fine $\div$ 2 50 8 to 9 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. Fine. $\div$ 3 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$	
	8 to 9 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. Fine. $+$ . 3 50 10 to 12 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in 5 00	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
LIRIODENDR	ON Tulipifera. Tulip Tree. 5 to 6 ft 1 00	7 50	
	7 to 8 ft 1 50	10 00	
tree.	8 to 9 ft	16 50	
20	Tulipifera, var. fastigiata—	•	
MAGNOLIA.	12 to 14 ft 4 00  Native Sorts—		
MAGNOLIA.	acuminata. Cucumber Tree—		
	5 to 6 ft 1 00	7 50	
	glauca. Sweet or Swamp Magnolia—		
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
	grandiflora. Evergreen Magnolia— $2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 50		
	macrophylla. Great-leaved Magnolia—		
	5 to 6 ft		
	6 to 7 ft	0.00	85 00
	tripetala.       Umbrella Tree.       6 to 8 ft       1 25         8 to 10 ft.       1 50	$\begin{array}{c} 9 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	89 00
	10 to 12 ft 2 00	12 00	
	Chinese Sorts—		
	alba superba. White-	00 50	
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $250$	22 50	
	Alexandriana. 4 to 5 ft. $350$		
	5 to 6 ft		
	conspicua. White	00 50	
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $3\frac{1}{2}$	32 50	
	5 to 6 ft	45 00	
	Kobus. $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 150 \text{ to } 10 \text{ 50}$		
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50		
	Lennei Hybrid. Lenne's Magnolia—		
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft		
	5 to 6 ft		
1	Norbertiana Hybrid. Norbert's Magnolia—		
	3 to 4 ft. $\dots \cdot $		
	7 to 8 ft		
	purpurea; syn., obovata. Purple Magnolia—		
	4 to 5 ft		
	Soulangeana Hybrid, Soulange's Magnolia—		
	4 to 5 ft		
	6 to 7 ft+\$7.50 to 10 00		
	speciosa. $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft $+$ \$3.50 to 5 00		
	stellata; syn., Halleana. Hall's Japanese Magnolia. 2 ft	22 50	
	91 ft 3 50	$\overline{32}$ $\overline{50}$	
	3 to 3½ ft		
	4 to 7 ft		



An Avenue of "Andorra-grown" Oriental Planes. (See page 30).

Each	10
MORUS alba. White Mulberry. 5 to 6 ft\$1 00	\$6 00
alba, var. Tatarica alba. White-fruited Russian Mulberry. 6 ft 1 00	
alba, var. Tatarica rubra. Red Russian Mulberry. 6 ft	
alba, var. Tatarica pendula. Teas' Weeping Mulberry. 5 to 5½ ft.; 2-yr. heads	32 50
NEGUNDO. See Acer.	
NYSSA sylvatica. Sour Gum. 2 ft	5 00
OSTRYA Virginica (Ironwood). 6 to 8 ft 1 50	12 50
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9 00 13 50 18 50 22 50
PARROTIA Persica. Persian Iron Tree. 5 to 6 ft 2 50	
PERSICA vulgaris, var. alba plena. Double White-flowering Peach. 4 to 5 ft	7 50
vulgaris, var. sanguinea plena. Double Red-flowering Peach. 4 to 5 ft	7 50

DI ATANUC confidentation A	Each	10	100
PLATANUS occidentalis. American Buttonwood—  8 to 10 ft	. 1 50	\$8 50 12 50	
Buttonwood. 6 to 8 ft 8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in 10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in 10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{4}$ to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	. 1 00 . 1 25 . 1 50 . 1 75 . 2 50 . 3 50	7 50 11 50 12 50 16 00 22 50 32 50	\$50 00 85 00 115 00 150 00 175 00
POPULUS alba, var. Bolleana. Bolle's Poplar— $10 \text{ to } 12 \text{ ft.}$	. 3 50	20 00	
Poplar. 8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in. 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	. 1 00 . 1 50 . 2 50	$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 50 \\ 10 & 00 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in	. 1 25	$10 00 \\ 13 50 \\ 18 50$	$\begin{array}{c} 90 \ 00 \\ 125 \ 00 \\ 150 \ 00 \end{array}$
PRUNUS. See, also, <i>Cerasus</i> .  Pissardii. Purple Plum. 4 to 5 ft $\bigstar$ .  triloba. Flowering Plum. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	. 1 00 50	8 50 3 50	
PTELEA trifoliata. Hop Tree. 4 to 6 ft	. 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 50 \\ 5 & 00 \end{array}$	25 00 30 00
PTEROSTYRAX hispidum (Halesia hispida). 8 to 10 ft	. 1 50	12 50	
PYRUS. See, also, Shrubs. atrosanguinea. 5 to 6 ft baccata. Siberian Flowering Crab Apple—	. 1 50	12 50	
5 to 6 ft	. 1 50 . 75 . 1 25	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \ 50 \\ 6 \ 00 \\ 10 \ 00 \end{array}$	
flowering Crab. 4 to 5 ft	_	22 50	
Scheideckeri (Double-flowered). 4 to 5 ft. Toringo (Dwarf Crab). 4 to 5 ft	. 1 25	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$	
<b>QUERCUS alba.</b> White Oak. 6 to 7 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} . & 1 & 75 \\ . & 2 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16 & 00 \\ 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$	
8 to 9 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in	. 3 50 o 7 50 12 50	22 50 32 50	

TRICE LIST FOR STRING OF 1912		01
Each	10	100
QUERCUS coccinea.       Scarlet Oak.       6 to 7 ft.       \$1 25         7 to 8 ft.       1 50         8 to 9 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in.       2 00         9 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in.       2 50         10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in.       \$2.75 to 5 00         12 to 14 ft.       Specimens       \$7.50 to 10 00         macrocarpa.         Mossy Cup Oak—	\$10 00 13 50 17 50 22 50	
8 to 9 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in 2 00 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 2 50 palustris. Pin Oak—		
6 to 7 ft. Low-branched	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \ 50 \\ 10 \ 00 \\ 13 \ 50 \\ 22 \ 50 \\ 30 \ 00 \\ 37 \ 50 \\ \end{array}$	
Extra heavy specimens. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to		
$4\frac{1}{2}$ in. cal., well-rooted		
and good tops\$7.50 to 15 00		
pedunculata, var. Concordia. Golden Oak— 8 to 10 ft 5 00		
Prinus. Rock Chestnut Oak. 7 to 8 ft 1 25	10 00	
8 to 10 ft 1 50	$\frac{10}{13} \frac{50}{50}$	
$10 \text{ to } 12 \text{ ft.}; 2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{4} \text{ in.} \qquad \qquad 2  00 \\ 10 \text{ to } 12 \text{ ft.}; 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 2\frac{3}{4} \text{ in.} \qquad \qquad 2  50$	18 50	
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in	22 50	
Robur. English Oak. 6 to 8 ft.; 2 in 1 00	8 50	
8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	$\frac{12}{20}$ $\frac{50}{00}$	
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. cal. Specimens. \$5 to 10 00	02 00	
Robur, var. fastigiata. Pyramidal English		
Oak. 8 to 10 ft 3 50		
10 to 12 ft 5 00		
rubra. Red Oak. 7 to 8 ft 1 50	13 50	
8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	17 50	
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in 3 00 12 to 14 ft. Specimens \$3.50 to 10 00	27 50	
velutina, var. tinctoria. Black Oak—		
6 to 8 ft	10 00	
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in	15 00	
10 to 12 ft.; $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{21}{4}$ in	18 50	
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in 2 50 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. Specimens 3 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 27 & 50 \end{array}$	
	4 00	\$35 00
RHUS glabra.       Smooth Sumac.       4 to 5 ft.       5         5 to 6 ft.       75	6 00	50 00
7 to 8 ft	8 50	75 00
8 to 10 ft	12 50	
glabra, var. laciniata. Cut-leaved Sumac—	- 00	40.00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	40 00 60 00
	4 00	00 00
Oshecki.       4 to 5 ft.       75         5 to 6 ft.       1 00	8 50	
, to 0 It	0 00	

### RHUS typhina. Staghorn Sumae. 4 to 5 ft\$0 35   5 to 6 ft	10 \$3 00 4 00 8 50	100
SALISBURIA adiantifolia. Ginkgo, or Maidenhair         Tree. 7 to 8 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in. 1 25         7 to 8 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in. 1 25         8 to 9 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. 1 50         9 to 10 ft.; $2\frac{1}{4}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. 2 00         10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. 2 50         SALIX alba. White Willow. 6 to 7 ft. 75         10 to 12 ft. 1 50         Babylonica. Weeping Willow. 8 to 10 ft. 1 00	10 00 10 00 13 50 17 50 22 50 5 00 12 50 8 50	\$125 00
Babylonica, var. dolorosa. Wisconsin Weeping Willow. 12 to 14 ft. Heavy. 2 50 caprea. Pussy Willow. 7 to 8 ft 1 00 8 to 10 ft	22 50 7 50 12 50 6 00	40 00 75 00 50 00
Willow—  8 to 10 ft	10 00 7 50 12 50 12 50	
10 to 12 ft	17 50 12 50 32 50	
SORBUS Americana. American Mountain Ash— 7 to 8 ft		
5 to 6 ft	17 50	
7 to 8 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	12 50 17 50 22 50	
argentea; syn., tomentosa. Silver-leaved Linden—  8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in.  8 to 10 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in.  10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ to $3$ in. Specimens.  12 to 14 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{4}$ in. Specimens.	5 00	\$22 50 32 50 40 00 60 00

Each	10
TILIA platyphyllos. Large-leaved Linden	
7 to 8 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in	<b>\$12</b> 50
8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
12 to 14 ft.: 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. Specimens\$4.50 to 7.50	
vulgaris, var. pyramidalis laciniata. Pyramidal Cutleaf. 12 to 14 ft.; 3½ in	32 50
ULMUS Americana. American Elm—	
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in per 100, \$100	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$
12 to 14 ft.: $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in per 100, \$200	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 27 & 50 \end{array}$
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in	$\frac{27}{32} \frac{50}{50}$
14 to 15 ft.: 3 to 6 in. Specimens\$5 to 25 00	12 50
<b>campestris.</b> English Elm. 8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in 1 50 10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in 2 75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 13 & 50 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ to $3^{-1}$ in	$32 \ 50$
Specimens. 3 to 4 in	
English Elm—	
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in	32 50
<b>16</b> to 18 ft.; 3 to 5 in	
campestris, var. Wheatley's (Cornish) Elm— 12 to 14 ft	22 50
14 to 16 ft	$\frac{1}{32} \frac{1}{50}$
scabra; syn., Dampieri; fastigiate form— 10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	32 50
scabra; syn., montana. Scotch, or Wych Elm—	<b>02 0 0</b>
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	
12 to 14 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{4}$ in	32 50
14 to 16 ft.; $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in	42 50
scabra, var. pendula. Camperdown Elm—	
6 ft	
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in 1 50	13 50
10 to 12 ft.; $2^{-}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
	02 00
DECIDIONE CUDING	
DECIDUOUS SHRUBS	
Each 10	100
ABELIA rupestris. 1 ft\$0 50 \$4 50 ACANTHOPANAX spinosa (Aralia pentaphylla)—	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$20 00
4 to 5 ft	<b>25</b> 00
2 ft	60 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 85 & 00 \\ 150 & 00 \end{array}$
ALTHEA. See Hibiscus.	
<b>AMELANCHIER Botryapium.</b> 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	<b>2</b> 5 00
3 to 4 ft 50 4 00	



Partial View of Nursery Grounds from Top of Main Nursery.

Ea	ach	10	100
AMORPHA canescens. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$0	35	\$2.50	\$15 00
fragrans. 5 to 6 ft		3 50	30 00
fruticosa. $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft		3 00	20 00
6 to 7 ft	50	4 00	30 00
AMYGDALUS (Almond). See Prunus.			

### NATIVE AZALEAS, ANDORRA-GROWN

Clean, Bushy, Transplanted Stock.

Each	10	100
AZALEA arborescens. Fragrant White Azalea—		
12 to 15 in. Bushy clumps\$1 00	\$9 00	\$80 00
15 to 18 in. Bushy clumps 1 50	$13 \ 50$	125 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Bushy clumps 2 00	$\frac{13}{18} \frac{50}{50}$	150 00
$2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps 2 50		
	$\frac{22}{20}$ 50	$\frac{175}{270} \frac{00}{00}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Bushy clumps 3 50	30 00	250 00
calendulacea. Flame Azalea. 12 to 15 in 1 00	9 00	80 00
15 to 18 in. Bushy clumps 1 50	13 50	125 00
18 to 24 in. Bushy clumps 1 75	15 00	135 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps 2 50	22  50	200 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft\$3 50 to 5 00		
Canadensis (Rhodora). 1 ft. Bushy 1 00	8 50	75 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Bushy $\overline{2}$ 00	18 50	150 00
nudiflora. 12 to 15 in 1 00	9 00	200 00
15 to 18 in. Clumps 1 50	13 50	115 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps	15 00	125 00
2 ft. Bushy clumps 2 50	20 00	175 00
Vaseyi. Southern Azalea. 12 to 15 in 1 00	9 00	1.0 00
15 to 18 in 1 50	$1\overset{\circ}{3}\overset{\circ}{5}\overset{\circ}{0}$	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps	18 50	<b>1</b> 50 00
	$\frac{13}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	
	44 30	200 00
viscosa. White Azalea—	10 50	115 00
15 to 18 in. Bushy clumps 1 50	13 50	115 00
$\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps	18 50	150 00
2 ft. Bushy clumps	22 50	175 00

#### MOLLIS and GHENT AZALEAS

Ea	ch	10	100
AZALEA mollis. 1½ ft. Named sorts\$1	25	$\begin{array}{ccc} \$10 & 00 \\ 13 & 50 \end{array}$	\$90 00 125 00
$2$ ft. Bushy. Named sorts 1 $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy. Named sorts 2	00	$\frac{15}{17} \frac{50}{50}$	120 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Unnamed	00	9 00	85 00
2 ft. Unnamed 1		10 00	90 00
Pontica (Ghent). 1½ ft. Named sorts 1	25	10 00	90 00
$2$ ft. Bushy. Named sorts $1$ $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft. Bushy $2$	50 50	$\begin{array}{c} 12 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	120 00
$3^2$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy\$2.50 to $3$			
Yodogama. 15 to 18 in	75	15 00	
BACCHARIS halimifolla. Groundsel Shrub-	~()	0 -0	u= 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	3 50	25 00
<b>BENZOIN odoriferum.</b> Spice Bush. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35 50	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{20}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft	75	6 00	35 00
4 to 5 ft 1	00	7 50	$50 \ 00$
<b>BERBERIS</b> (Barberry). Dulcis. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	4 00	35 00
ilicifolia. Holly-leaved. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	27 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	<b>35</b> 00
$3^{-}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	6 00	40 00
<b>Japonica.</b> (not Mahonia). $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75	5 00	40 00
Thunbergii. 12 to 15 in	25	1 75	$\frac{12}{12} \frac{50}{00}$
15 to $18$ in	35 50	$\begin{array}{c}2\ 50\\3\ 50\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 20 & 00 \end{array}$
2 ft.; broad and very heavy	60	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{50}{50}$	$\frac{20}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; broad and very heavy	75	6 00	50 00
$3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; broad and very heavy. 1	00	9 00	- 75 00
vulgaris. Common Barberry—	50	9 50	20 00
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	60	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \ 50 \\ 5 \ 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{20}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
$3^2$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	6 00	35 00
vulgaris, var. Amurensis. $2  ext{ to } 2\frac{1}{2}  ext{ ft.} \dots$	75	6 00	
vulgaris, var. purpurea. $2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	17 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft	$\frac{50}{60}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft	75	6 00	35 00
4 to 5 ft		<b>7</b> 50	40 00
CALLICARPA purpurea. Beauty Fruit—	75	e 00	40.00
3 to 4 ft	75	6 00	40 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	4 00	30 00
$4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	75	$\vec{6}$ $\vec{0}\vec{0}$	35 00
CARAGANA arborescens. Siberian Pea-			
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	3 50	17 50
4 to 5 ft	75	6 00	40 00
CARYOPTERIS Mastacanthus. Blue Spirea— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	35	2 50	15 00
	00	_ 00	20 00

CEANOTHUS Americanus. Jersey Tea. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$0 25 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \$2 00 \\ 3 00 \\ 4 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ \$15 00 \\ 25 00 \end{array}$
Americanus, var. Fendleri.— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	1 00	
CEPHALANTHUS occidentalis.—		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
Japonica. Japan Judas-		
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \qquad 75$	5 00	35 00
CHIONANTHUS Virginica. White Fringe—  2½ to 3 ft. Bushy	4 50	
3 to 4 ft. Bushy	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 50 \\ 7 & 00 \\ 8 & 50 \\ 10 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$	50 00 60 00 75 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
COLUTEA arborescens. Bladder Senna— 4 to 5 ft	3 00	20 00
5 to 6 ft	4 00	$\frac{20}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
6 to 7 ft 75	6 00	30 00
<b>COMPTONIA</b> asplenifolia. Sweet Fern. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 35	3 00	25 00
CORCHORUS Japonicus. Single Globe Flower— $ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 50 \\ 5 & 00 \end{array}$	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 50	30 00
Japonicus, var. variegata. (Variegated	9 50	20.00
CORNUS. See, also, Trees. 50	3 50	<b>30</b> 00
CORNUS. See, also, Trees.  alba. Siberian Red-twigged Dogwood—		
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 2 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	15 00 20 00 25 00 30 00
alba; syn., Siberica, var. aurea variegata— $2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3^{\circ}$ ft		
alba, var. elegantissima. Golden-leaved—	0.00	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 00 6 00 4 00 5 00 6 00	40 00 50 00
Kousa (Benthamia Japonica)—  2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	8 50 12 50 3 50 6 00 7 50	35 00 50 00

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912	37
<b>CORNUS paniculata.</b> 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 100 \\ 00 & $35 00 \\ 00 & 45 00 \\ 50 & 60 00 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	00 30 00 00 35 00 00 00 00 35 00
6 to 7 ft	50 40 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
$2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	00 20 00
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 25 00 00 35 00
CORYLUS Americana. American Hazel—	00 35 00
3½ to 4 ft	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
CRATÆGUS. See Trees. CYDONIA Japonica. Japan Quince. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 35 3	00
DESMODIUM penduliflorum. See Lespedeza Sieboldi. DEUTZIA candidissima (Double White). 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} 00 & 25 & 00 \\ 00 & & \\ 00 & 40 & 00 \\ 00 & 50 & 00 \end{array}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50 00 <b>40</b> 00
crenata, var. rosea plena (Double Pink)—	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 00 & 50 & 00 \\ 00 & 25 & 00 \end{array}$
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 00 \\ 50 & 50 & 00 \\ 00 & 25 & 00 \\ 00 & 35 & 00 \\ 50 & 50 & 00 \\ \end{array}$

T	Each	. 10	100
<b>DEUTZIA</b> gracilis, var. rosea. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft \$		\$6 00	\$35 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	1 00	750	50 00
<b>Lemoinei.</b> 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; very heavy	35	3 00	20 00
$3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; heavy	50	4 00	30 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4^{\circ}$ ft	75	5 00	$35 \ 00$
4 to 5 ft	1 00	7 50	40 00
<b>Lemoinei</b> , var. compacta. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	$20 \ 00$
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	4 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	75	$\frac{5}{2} \frac{00}{20}$	<b>35</b> 00
parviflora. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{50}{20}$	05 00
scabra. $3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{50}{75}$	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	40 00
DIERVILLA (Weigela) florida, var. amabilis—	10	0 00	40 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	50	3 50	
6 to 7 <sup>2</sup> ft	75	6 00	40 00
florida; syn., rosea. 3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	75	5 00	$30 \ 00$
4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	
5 to 6 ft	75	5 00	
florida nana, var. aurea variegata—	50	4 00	30 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 50 \\ 75 \end{array}$	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	40 00
florida, var. Sieboldi alba. 4 to 5 ft	75	0 00	10 00
floribunda Lavallei. 3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	25 00
5 to 6 ft	50	4 00	30 00
Japonica (syn., hortensis), var. flori-			
bunda. 3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	25 00
5 to 6 ft	75	5 00	20.00
Japonica, var. Eva Rathke. $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \bigstar$ .	35	3 00	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50 75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 50 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
3 to 4 ft	50	$\frac{6}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	30 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$	75	5 00	
Japonica, var. rubra. 5 to 6 ft.	50	4 00	30 00
6 to 7 ft	75	$\overline{5}$ $\overline{00}$	40 00
Grænewegeni. 4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft	75	6 00	40 00
Grænewegeni, var. Mad. Contourier. (Hy-	05	0.00	
brid). 3 to 4 ft	35 50	$egin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	30 00
4 to 5 ft	75	5 00	40 00
Grænewegeni, var. Steltzneri. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.	50	4 00	10 00
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	60	$\tilde{5}$ $\tilde{00}$	30 00
5 to 6 ft	75	6 00	40 00
Grænewegeni, var. Van Houttei—			
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	35	3 00	
$\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{4}{2}$ ft	50	$\frac{4}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	40.00
5 to 6 ft.	$\frac{75}{25}$	$\frac{6}{2} \frac{00}{00}$	40 00
Verschaffelti. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\frac{35}{50}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{50}{75}$	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	40 00
sessilifolia. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	25	$\frac{0}{2} \frac{00}{00}$	10 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	$\overline{50}$	$\tilde{3}$ $\tilde{50}$	25 00
4 to 5 ft	75	5 00	35 00
trifida. $2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912		39
Each ELÆAGNUS angustifolia. Oleaster. 5 to 6 ft\$0 50	10	100
6 to 8 ft		
ter. 3 to 4 ft. Bushy	$\begin{array}{cc} \$5 & 00 \\ 8 & 50 \end{array}$	\$35 00 50 00
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{10}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	60 00
<b>EUONYMUS alatus.</b> Cork-barked. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft $2$ 00 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft $2$ 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 18 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft	32 50	
flowering and fruiting shrubs.  Americana. Strawberry Bush—		
3 to 4 ft	3 00	25 00
5 to 6 ft	4 00	<b>85</b> 00
5 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	35 00
FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell) Fortunei. $3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft $35$ $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 3 & 50 \end{array}$	
4 to 5 ft.; very heavy 75	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft.; very heavy 1 00	$\frac{5}{10} \frac{00}{10}$	35 00
6 to 7 ft.; very heavy 1 50 Fortunei, var. aurea variegata. 3 to 4 ft. 75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	75 00 50 00
intermedia. 2 to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20 00
$3$ to $4$ ft.; very heavy $\dots 50$	4 00	$25 \ 00$
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{5}{2} 00$	30 00
5 to 6 ft	7 50	40 00
suspensa.       3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       35 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.       50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
4 to 5 ft	$\vec{6}$ $\vec{0}\vec{0}$	30 00
5 to 7 ft.; very heavy 1 00	7 50	<b>5</b> 0 00
viridissima. 2 to 3 ft	$\frac{2}{9} \frac{00}{00}$	0= 00
35 3 to 4 ft.; very heavy; extra 35 4 to 5 ft.; very heavy; extra 50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
4 to 5 ft.; very heavy; extra 50 5 to 6 ft.; very heavy; extra 75	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	50 00
HALESIA tetraptera. 5 to 6 ft	6 00	00 00
HAMAMELIS Japonica. Japanese Witch Hazel—	0 00	
$2  ext{ to } 2\frac{1}{2}  ext{ ft. } \dots $	4 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	6 00	
Virginiana. Witch Hazel. 4 to 5 ft 50	4 00	F0 00
5 to 6 ft.; heavy	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 00 \\ 7 \ 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 50 & 00 \\ 60 & 00 \end{array}$
HIBISCUS Syriacus. Althea; Rose of Sharon—	. 50	00 00
alba plena. 5 to 6 ft	5 00	40 00
Boule de Feu. 5 to 6 ft	5 00	40 00
cœrulea plena. 5 to 6 ft	5 00	40 00
Comte de Flandre.         4 to 5 ft.         50           5 to 6 ft.         75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 5 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 25 & 00 \\ 40 & 00 \end{array}$
grandiflora superba. 4 to 5 ft 50	4 00	30 00
Jeanne d'Arc. 3 to 4 ft 50	4 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	5 00	30 00
5 to $6$ ft	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 00 \\ 4 \ 00 \end{array}$	50 00 30 00
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	50 00

	Each	10	100
HIBISCUS purpureus folis argenta marginata— $3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	.\$0 35	\$3 00	\$20 00
$\begin{array}{c} 3 \text{ to } 3_{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ ft.} \\ 4 \text{ to } 4_{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ ft.} \end{array}$	. ას აა . 50	4 00	30 00
totus albus. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	$\tilde{4} \ 00$	25 - 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.	. 75	$\frac{5}{9}$ 00	30 00
violacea (semi-plena). 5 to 6 ft HIPPOPHAE rhamnoides. See Buckthorn.	. 75	6 00	40 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	. 50	2 50	20 00
<b>HYDRANGEA</b> arborescens. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	. 50	4 00	30 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	. 75	6 00	$50 \ 00$
arborescens, $\mathrm{var.}$ grandiflora— $3 \mathrm{\ to}\ 4 \mathrm{\ ft.}$	. 75	6 00	50 00
Hortensis, var. Imperatrice Eugenie-	-	0 00	80 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; 4-in. pot	. 75		
Hartensis, var. Otaska. 3-year	$\frac{75}{75}$	6 00	
Hortensis, var. Japonica. 1 ft paniculata. 4 to 5 ft	$\begin{array}{cc}  & 75 \\  & 35 \end{array}$	3 00	
5 to 6 ft.; very heavy		4 00	35 00
6 to 7 ft	. 75	6 00	50 00
paniculata grandiflora. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	4 00	$\frac{25}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 75 \\ 1 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 35 & 00 \\ 50 & 00 \end{array}$
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft.; extra heavy		12  50	60 00
quercifolia. Oak-leaved—		0 50	
$2  ext{ to } 2\frac{1}{2}  ext{ ft.}$ HYPERICUM aureum. $2\frac{1}{2}  ext{ to } 3  ext{ ft.}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 1 & 00 \\ & & 35 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 8 & 50 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 75 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
3  to  4  ft.	50	4 00	30 00
calcinum. Aaron's Beard. 1 ft	. 50	4 00	$20 \ 00$
hircinum. $2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	. 50	3 50	25 00
Moserianum hybridum.Gold-Flower— $12$ to $15$ in		<b>2</b> 50	20 00
patulum. 12 to 15 in.	35	$\tilde{2} \ 00$	$\frac{20}{15} \frac{00}{00}$
prolificum. $3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	. 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{\bar{2}} & \mathbf{\bar{00}} \\ \mathbf{\bar{3}} & \mathbf{\bar{50}} \end{array}$	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 00 \\ 13 & 50 \end{array}$	
ILEX Sieboldi. Red-fruited. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft Sieboldi. White-fruited. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{c} 1 50 \\ 1 50 \end{array}$	$\frac{15}{13} \frac{50}{50}$	
verticillata. Winter Berry. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	2 00	
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{2}$ ft	$\frac{35}{2}$	3 00	25 00
3 to 4 ft	50 50	$\frac{4}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 35 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
ITEA Virginica. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	6 00	40 00
JASMINUM nudiflorum. Yellow Jasmine—			
12 to 15 in	50	<b>3</b> 50	25 00
KERRIA. See Corchorus. LESPEDEZA bicolor. 4 to 5 ft	35	2 50	20 00
5 to 6 ft	50	$\frac{1}{4} \stackrel{\circ}{00}$	30 00
Sieboldi; syn., Desmodium Japonicum—		0.00	
Heavy clumps	$\begin{array}{cc} 35 \\ 50 \end{array}$	3 00	
LIGUSTRUM Amurense. Amoor Privet. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	20 00
3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	<b>3</b> 0 00
6 to 8 ft	1 00	8 50	
8 to 9 ft\$1.50 to ciliatum. Sold by many for Ibota—	2 50		
$3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Broad and heavy	50	3 50	<b>25</b> 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Broad and heavy	60	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft. Broad and heavy		$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	35 00
5 to 6 ft. Broad and heavy	1 00	7 50	40 00

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#### PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912

LIGUSTRUM Ibota. The true upright form— Each	10	100
$2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$0 25	\$2 00	<b>\$12</b> 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3^{-}$ ft	3 00	15 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 00 3 50	20 00
4 to 5 ft.; heavy 60	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft 75	6 00	50 00
6 to 7 ft 1 00	8 50	75 00
lbota, var. Regelianum. Regel's-		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.; heavy	4 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.; heavy	6 00	25 00
$\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{4}{2}$ ft 1 00	7 50	$\frac{1}{35} \frac{1}{00}$
$\bar{5}$ to $\bar{5}\frac{1}{2}$ ft	10 00	60 00
lucidum. $2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	5 00	00 00
media. 4 to 5 ft	5 00	30 00
ovalifolium. California Privet—	0 00	90 00
	1 00	7 50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; bushy $\begin{cases} 1000, \$40 + \\ 1000, \$60 + \end{cases}$ 25 35	1 50	10 00
$3^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to $3^{\frac{1}{2}}$ ft.; bushy 1000, \$75 \(\phi\) 50	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{50}$	$15\ 00$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4^{\circ}$ ft.; bushy $(1000, \$100 +)$ 60	$\frac{2}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	20 00
4 to 5 ft.; bushy	5 00	$35\ 00$
5 to 6 ft.; bushy	0 00	00 00
Grand stock. All our Privet		
has been transplanted and cut		
back; is extra heavy, and will give		
immediate hedge effects.		
Sinensis. Chinese Privet. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 50	3 50	
	4 00	
		15 00
		$\frac{15}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
		30 00
	4 00	30 00
<b>LONICERA fragrantissima.</b> Chinese Fragrant Bush Honevsuckle. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 25	2 00	
		27 50
		40 00
5 to 6 ft.; heavy 75	6 00	50 00



A Portion of the Propagating Grounds at Andorra.

E	ach	. 10	100
LONICERA Morrowi. Japanese Bush Honeysuckle-	<b>P</b> 0	<b>00.00</b>	00° 00
3 to 4 ft	75 75	$\begin{array}{c} \$3 & 00 \\ 5 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} \$25 & 00 \\ 35 & 00 \end{array}$
	. 00	$6\ 00$	40 00
Ruprechtiana. 3 to 4 ft	50	3 50	25 00
4 to 5 ft	75 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Standishi. Standish's Honeysuckle—	. 00	1 50	50 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	6 00	
Tatarica, assorted. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	$\frac{35}{50}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 2&50\ 3&00 \end{array}$	25 00
5 to $6$ ft	75	$\frac{5}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	30 00
6 to 8 ft.; heavy	. 00	6 00	40 00
Tatarica (rubra). 3 to 4 ft	50 75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 50 \\ 5 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{15}{35}$	3 00	99 00
3 to 4 ft	<b>5</b> 0	3 50	30 00
4 to 5 ft.; heavy	100	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 00 \\ 7 \ 50 \end{array}$	40 00 50 00
5 to 6 ft	50	$\frac{1}{4} \frac{30}{00}$	$\frac{50}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
4 to 5 ft	75	5 00	$35 \ 00$
	L 00	7 50	50 00
Tatarica, var. gracilis. 4 to 5 ft.           5 to 6 ft.	100	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 30 & 00 \\ 50 & 00 \end{array}$
Tatarica, var. Chrysanthera. 3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	50	3 50	30 00
5 to 6 ft	75 35	$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 40 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	$35 \overset{\circ}{00}$
	1 00	7 50	50 00
<b>LYCIUM Chinense.</b> Matrimony Vine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 3 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} {\bf 15} & 00 \\ {\bf 20} & 00 \end{array}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	35 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. } \dots$	75	$\bar{6} \ 00$	40 00
PAVIA parviflora. See Æsculus, under Shrubs.			
PHILADELPHUS coronarius. Mock Orange— $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	35	3 00	20 00
3 to $4$ ft	50	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	30 00
5 to 6 ft	75	6 00	50 00
coronarius, var. aureus. Golden Mock Orange. 2 to 3 ft.	- 50	4 00	
coronarius, var. Avalanche—	. 50	1 00	
$2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	4 00	
coronarius, $\operatorname{var.}$ primulæ florus— $2 \operatorname{to} 2 \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ft.} \ldots$	50	4 00	
grandiflorus. 3 to 4 ft.	50	$\frac{1}{4} \stackrel{\circ}{00}$	
4 to 5 ft	75	$\frac{6}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	30 00
0 00 0 200 11711111111111111111111111111	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{00}{50}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \ 50 \\ 12 \ 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 40 & 00 \\ 60 & 00 \end{array}$
Lemoinei. (Hybrid). 3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	30 00
Lemoinei, var. erectus. $2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	35	3 00	20 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50 35	$egin{array}{ccc} 4&00\ 3&00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Mt. Blanc. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 3 to 4 ft	75	$\frac{5}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	35 00
Zeyheri, var. speciosissimus—		4 00	
$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ to 3 ft	$ \begin{array}{c} 50 \\ 1 00 \end{array} $	$\frac{4}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
9 to 0 It	1 00	. 50	10 00

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1	912		43
POTENTILLA fruticosa. Shrubby Cinquefoil— Ea	ch	10	100
	35	\$3 00	\$20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft	50	3 50	
	<b>7</b> 5	4 00	30 00
PRUNUS amygdalus communis. Flowering Almond—		F 00	
	75	5 00	
amygdalus communis, $var.$ rosea— $1\frac{1}{2} to 2 ft. \dots$	75	5 00	
	50	3 50	
	50	$\frac{3}{3} \frac{50}{50}$	30 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75	5 00	40 00
	$\frac{35}{25}$	$\frac{3}{9} \frac{00}{50}$	$25 \ 00$
	50	3 50	
	35 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 3 & 50 \end{array}$	20 00
6 to 7 ft	75	4 00	30 00
RHODOTYPUS kerrioides. White Kerria—	•0	1 00	30 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35	3 00	<b>25</b> 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft. Very heavy	75	$\frac{6}{5} \frac{00}{50}$	40 00
5 to 6 ft. Very heavy 1		7 50	50 00
RHUS aromatica. Fragrant Sumac. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	40 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\frac{75}{00}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 00 \\ 7 \ 50 \end{array}$	50 00
copallina. Shining Sumac. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	$25\ 00$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft	75	6 00	40 00
6 to 7 ft	00	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	60 00
Cotinus. Mist, or Smoke Tree. 2 to 3 ft 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	35 50	4 00	30 00
5  to  6  ft.	75	$\frac{1}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	30 00
	00	7 50	
Cotinus, var. atropurpurea. Purple Mist-			
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	75 50	6 00	
RIBES aureum. Golden Currant. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	35	3 00	
4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	
Gordonianum. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35	3 00	<b>25</b> 00
<b>ROBINIA hispida.</b> Rose Acacia. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	2 50	20 00
RUBUS Canadensis. 2 to 3 ft	35	2 00	12 50
odoratus. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	25	$\bar{2}$ $00$	$\overline{12}$ $\overline{50}$
3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	<b>15</b> 00
SAMBUCUS Canadensis. 3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	20 00
Melanocarpus. 3 to 4 ft 1		8 50	
5 to 6 ft	50	12 50	
2 to 3 ft	50	3 50	<b>25</b> 00
4 to 5 ft. Very heavy	60	4 00	35 00
5 to 6 ft. Very heavy	75	5 00	40 00
nigra, var. laciniata. Cut-leaved Elder—			
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35		
3 to 4 ft	50		
$2  ext{ to } 2^{\frac{1}{2}}  ext{ ft.} \dots$	50	3 00	15 00
3 to 4 ft	75	6 00	35 00
4 to 5 ft	00	8 50	50 00

<b>SPIRÆA arguta.</b> 3 to 3½ ft	10 \$2 50	100 \$20 00
4 to 5 ft. Heavy 50  Billardii. 3 to 4 ft 35	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25 00 $25 00$
4 to 5 ft 50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{25}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
Bumalda. 2 ft	3 00	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	
Bumalda, var. Anthony Waterer-		
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ Heavy	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
$3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy	$\frac{1}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	30 00
callosa. Fortune's Spirea. 4 to 5 ft 50	3 50	30 00
callosa, var. alba. 2 to 3 ft 35	3 00	20 00
Hyb. Margarite. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \ 00 \\ 4 \ 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
Japonica, var. Fortunei rosea. 2 to 3 ft 50	3 50	
Lindleyana. 4 to 5 ft	5 00	35 00
opulifolia. 3 to 4 ft	3 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00. \end{array}$	30 00
7 to 9 ft 1 50	10 00	75 00
opulifolia, var. aurea. Golden-leaved— 4 to 5 ft	3 00	25 00
5 to 6 ft 50	4 00	30 00
6 to 7 ft. Heavy 75	6 00	40 00
prunifolia flore pleno. Bridal Wreath— 2 to 3 ft	3 00	25 00
Reevesiana. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3,00	2000
4 to 5 ft 50	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 00 \\ 2 \ 00 \end{array}$	35 00 15 00
Thunbergii. Thunberg's Spirea—	2 00	19 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3 00	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Very heavy	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	30 00
<b>Van Houttei.</b> $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{4}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	35 00
5 to 6 ft ( ) 1 00	8 50	50 00
6 to 7 ft 1 50	12 50	75 00
STAPHYLEA Colchica. Bladder Nut. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 35 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft 50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	<b>3</b> 5 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\stackrel{4}{6}\stackrel{00}{00}$	40 00
STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 35	3 00	<b>2</b> 5 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Heavy 50	$\begin{array}{cc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	30 00
		50 00
STYRAX Japonica.         2 to 3 ft.         50           3 to 4 ft.         75	$\begin{array}{cc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	
4 to 5 ft	7 50	50 00

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912		40
Each	10	100
SYMPHORICARPUS racemosus. Snowberry—		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$0 50	\$3 50	
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 75$	5 00	\$30 00
vulgaris. Coral Berry— 2 to 3 ft	3 00	15 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 00	$\frac{10}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft. Heavy $75$	$\vec{6}$ $\vec{0}\vec{0}$	$\frac{5}{25} \frac{5}{00}$
4 to 5 ft. Heavy 1 00	7 00	30 00
SYRINGA Chinensis: syn., Rothomagensis. Rouen		
Lilac. 3 to 4 ft 50	3 50 -	$25 \ 00$
4 to 5 ft 75	5 00	<b>35</b> 00
Japonica. 6 to 7 ft	12 50	
Josikæa. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.       1 00         4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       1 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	14 00	
Persica. 3 to 4 ft		
Persica, var. alba. 4 to 5 ft	6 00	30 00
Persica, var. laciniata. 4 to 5 ft 35	4 00	,
villosa. $3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	
$5$ to $6$ ft. Specimens 1 50 villosa, var. Emodi. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 35	3 00	25 00
vulgaris. Common Lilac. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 35	3 00	$\frac{25}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 50$	4 00	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft.: very heavy	22 50	
5 to 6 ft	4.00	25 00
4 to $5$ ft	$\frac{4}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
vulgaris, named varieties—	. 50	00 00
Charles X. Single, reddish purple—		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3 50	30 00
$\frac{3}{4}$ to $\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{4}$ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$	
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 00	
Frau Bertha Dammann. Single, white—		
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
La Tour d'Auvergne. Double, violet-	10 50	
purple. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 1 50	<b>12</b> 50	
Mad. Lemoine. Double, white— $1\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 2 \text{ ft.} \dots \dots$	4 00	
Marie LeGraye. Single, white—	. 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	6 00	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	8 50	
$4$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	12 50	
4 to 5 ft	12 50	
Michael Buchner. Double, pale lilac-	12 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	6 00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	12 50	
President Carnot. Double, light lilac—	12 50	
4 to 5 ft	12 50	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4 00	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	7 50	60 00
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{12}{2}$ $\frac{50}{2}$	85 00
5 to 6 ft	22 50	
Senator Volland. Double, red— 3 to 4 ft	8 50	
U to x 11	0 00	

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SYRINGA Souvenir de Ludwig Spæth. Single red— $3$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	<b>7</b> 5	\$6 OO	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft	00	$\begin{array}{ccc} \$6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	12 50	
Verschaffelti. Single Dark Red. 4 to 5 ft. 1	00	8 50	
TAMARIX Africana; syn., parviflora—	<b>E</b> 0	4.00	
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{50}{75}$	$\frac{4}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	
Gallica. 3 to 4 ft.	35	3 00	\$25 00
4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	30 00
Gallica, var. Indica. 6 to 7 ft	75	5 00	35 00
Japonica plumosa. 4 to 5 ft	50 75	$\frac{4}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5 to 6 ft	19	5 00	55 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	50	3 50	
VIBURNUM acerifolium. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	50	3 00	25 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	75	5 00	40 00
cassanoides. White Rod		2.00	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 00 \\ 7 \ 50 \end{array}$	
$\stackrel{\cdot}{6}$ to $\stackrel{\cdot}{7}^{\circ}$ ft		$17  \overset{\circ}{50}$	
dentatum. Arrow-wood. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	75	6 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft.; heavy	90	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \ 50 \\ 12 \ 50 \end{array}$	$\frac{40}{75} \frac{00}{00}$
6 to 7 ft		$\frac{12}{17} \frac{50}{50}$	19 00
dilatatum Japan Bush Cranberry—			
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2$ ft	50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$	
Lantana. Wayfaring Tree—	20	10 00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.; heavy	50	4 00	<b>35</b> 00
4 to 5 ft.; heavy	75	6 00	$\frac{40}{60} \frac{00}{00}$
5 to 6 ft.; very heavy	$\begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 50 \end{array}$	8 50 4 00	60 00 30 00
4 to 5 ft.	75	$\vec{6}$ $\vec{0}\vec{0}$	40 00
5 to $6$ ft		8 50	<b>75</b> 00
7 to 8 ft	50 50	$\begin{array}{cccc} 12 & 50 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{30}{75}$	6 00	
5 to 6 ft 1		8 50	75 00
6 to 7 ft	50	12 50	100 00
Opulus. High Cranberry Bush— $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	50	3 50	30 00
3 to 4 ft. Fine	50	4 00	35 00
4 to 5 ft. Fine	75	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 50 & 00 \\ 75 & 00 \end{array}$
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$20 \ 00$	150 00
Opulus, var. sterile. Guelder Rose—			
$\frac{3}{4}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft	50	4 00	40.00
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{75}{00}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 00 \\ 7 \ 50 \end{array}$	$\frac{40}{50} \frac{00}{00}$
plicatum. Japanese Snowball—		• 00	30 00
3 to 4 ft	75	$\frac{6}{7} \frac{00}{20}$	40 00
4 to 5 ft	00	7 50	60 00

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CELASTRUS scandens. False Bitter-sweet— 2 to 3 ftper 100, \$15\$0	50	\$3 50
3 to 5 ft.; heavy; field-grown	75	5 00
CLEMATIS coccinea. 4-in. pots	35	3 00
Flammula. Sweet Clematis. 5-in. pots	. 00	$7 \overset{\circ}{50}$
Large-flowering varieties. — Fairy Queen, Gem,		
Henryi, Jackmani, Jackmani var. alba, Jeanne d'Arc, Duchess of Edinburgh, Ker-		•
mesina, Lady Neville, Lilacina floribunda,		
Madame Van Houtte, Miss Bateman, Presi-		
dent	50.	4 00
paniculata. 2-year; heavyper 100, \$15	30	$\frac{2}{2} = \frac{50}{2}$
5-in. pots; fine	$\frac{50}{50}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 50 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$
Virginiana. Wild Clematis. 5-in. pots	90	4 00
DOLICHOS. See Pueraria.	0-	4 ===
<b>EUONYMUS radicans.</b> 1 ft.; field-grown per 100, \$15 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.; field-grown per 100, \$20	$\frac{25}{35}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.75 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$
radicans, var. variegata. 8 to 10 in	$\frac{55}{25}$	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{30}{00}$
radicans, var. Carrieri (large leaf)—		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ftper 100, \$35	50	4 00
<b>HEDERA Helix.</b> English Ivy. 4-in. potsper 100, \$15	25	2 00
LATHYRUS latifolius. Everlasting Pea	35	2.50
LONICERA Japonica. Honeysuckle. 4-in. pots	35	2.50
3-year; field-grown	35	3 00
Japonica, var. brachypoda; syn., flexuosa. Field-	35	3 00
grown Japonica, var. aurea reticulata. 4-in. pots	35	3 00
Japonica, var. Chinensis. Purplish green foliage—		
4-in. pots	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{cc} 2 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$
Heavy, field-grown	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 25 \end{array}$	3 00
Japonica, var. Halleana. 4-in. pots	$\frac{25}{35}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
3-year old, field-grown	$3\overline{5}$	3 00
sempervirens, var. fuchsioides. Scarlet Trumpet—		
5-in. pots	50	3 50
PERIPLOCA Græca. Silk Vine. Field-grown	35 50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5-in, pots DIEDADIA Thunbangiana Wuday Vina		7 50
PUERARIA Thunbergiana. Kudzu Vine	50	3 50
VITIS æstivalis. Summer Grape	50 50	3 50
Labrusca. Fox Grape. 4-in. pots	50	3 50
riparia. Frost Grape	50	3 50
WISTARIA Chinensis. Chinese Wistaria—		
	L 50	12 50
3 to 4 ft.; field-grown	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2&00\\3&50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
Chinensis, var. alba. Field-grown. 4 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{30}{22} \frac{60}{50}$
6 to 7 ft	3 50	30 00
frutescens. 4 to 5 ft. $\dots + + 1.50$ to 2		00 50
5 to 7 ft	2 50	22 50
magnifica. 5 to 6 ft.; field-grown\$1.50 to 5 multijuga. 3 to 4 ft.; field-grown	$egin{smallmatrix} 2 & 50 & 1 \\ 1 & 50 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	12 50
4 to 6 ft.: field-grown	3 50	12 00
multijuga, var. alba. Field-grown. 3 to 4 ft	1 - 00 -	
4 to 6 ft\$1.50 to 3	3 50	

FRUIT DEPARTMENT		
	Each	10
APPLES, Summer—Early Harvest, Golden Sweet, Red Astrachan, Summer Rambo, Sweet Bough, Benoin,		
Yellow Transparent.  Autumn—Fall Pippin, Gravenstein, Maiden's Blush,		
Smokehouse, Wealthy. Winter-Baldwin, Belle-fleur, Fallawater, King of		
Tompkins County, Northern Spy, Rhode Island Greening, Styman's Winesap, York Imperial.	nd 00	00.00
5 to 7 ft.; A to 1 in. cal	\$1 00	\$6 00
CHERRIES, Sour (Dukes and Morellos)—Early Richmond,	1 00	6 00
Empress Eugenie, May Duke, Late Duke, Montmorency. 5 to 6 ft	1 50	10 00
Large Sweet (Hearts and Bigarreaus)—Black Tartarian. Governor Wood, Napoleon Bi-		
garreau, Schmidt's Bigarreau, Windsor. 5 to 6 ft	1 50	10 00
NUTS, American Sweet Chestnut. See under Deciduous Trees. Spanish Chestnut. See under Deciduous Trees.		
Hybrid Chestnut. Paragon, Numbo. 4 to 5 ft  Japan Chestnut. 3 to 4 ft	1 50 1 00	<b>12</b> 50
Walnut, Black. See Juglans nigra, under Deciduous Trees.  PEACHES—Belle of Georgia, Fitzgerald, Fox's Seedling,		
Crawford's Late, Elberta, Mountain Rose, Morris White, Oldmixon Free, Stump the		
World, Susquehanna, Troth's Early, Wheat- land, 5 to 6 ft per 100, \$30	50	3 50
PEARS, Summer—Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Doyenne d'Ete. Autumn and Winter—Beurre d'Anjou, Buffum,		
Duchesse a'Angouleme, Howell, Kieffer's Hybrid, Lawrence, Rutter, Seckel, Sheldon, Worden- Seckel. 5 to 6 ft.		
A few varieties, 6 to 8 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	$   \begin{array}{ccc}     10 & 00 \\     15 & 00   \end{array} $
PLUMS, Japanese—Abundance, Burbank, Chabot, Satsuma. 5 to 6 ft.	4 00	7 50
European—Giant Prune, Imperial Gage, Lombard.  QUINCES—Champion, Orange. 3 to 4 ft	75	6 00
SMALL FRUITS		
	Each	10
BLACKBERRIES—Eldorado, Erie, Kittatinny, Rathbun, Snyder, Wilson Juniorper 100, \$3		<b>\$</b> 0 50
CURRANTS, Red—Cherry, Fav's Prolific: White—White	80 25	2 00
Grape; Black—Lee's Prolific	25	2 00
GRAPES, Black—Concord, Moore's Early, Worden; Red—Brighton, Catawba, Delaware; White—Green		_ 00
Mountain, Niagara, Pocklington. 2-year  A few varieties, extra heavy	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 50 \end{array}$	2 00 3 00
RASPBERRIES, Black—Gregg; Red—Cuthbert, Columbian Ruby; Yellow — Golden Queen, per	30	0 00
100, \$3		50

10

STRAWBERRIES, Early—Bederwood, Marshall; Medium—

Bubach, Glen Mary, Sharpless,

Late—Brandywine, Gandy, Runners, per 100, \$2: per 1,000, \$7.50.

Potted plants, per 100, \$3 to \$4.

### **ESCULENT ROOTS**

**ASPARAGUS**—Barr's Mammoth. Per 100, \$1.50; per 1,000, \$7.50. **RHUBARB**—Best varieties. Per 10, \$1.50; per 100, \$10.

#### **ROSES**

NOSES		
N. B.—Potted unless noted. Special prices per hund	lred.	
AUSTRIAN BRIERS—Harrison's Yellow and Persian Yellow\$0 SWEETBRIER—Rosa rubignosa	ach 0 40 40	10 \$3 50 3 50
Brenda, Flora McIvor, Lady Penzance, Lord Penzance, Meg Merrilies, Minna	50	4 50
BUSH—Blanda, Carolina, canina, lucida, lucida var. alba, multiflora, nitida, rubrifolia, field-grown	35	3 00
CLIMBING—Baltimore Belle, The Dawson, Dorothy Perkins, Lady Gay, Prairie Queen  Setigera. Prairie Rose. 2 to 2½ ft.; field grown  Pamblara Crimgon White Pink and Valley. The	50 35	3 50 3 00
Ramblers—Crimson, White, Pink and Yellow, The Dawson (carmine)	40	3 50
EVERBLOOMING Hybrid Teas—Bessie Brown, creamy white; Betty, ruddy gold; Captain Christy, flesh; Caroline Testout, rose; Countess of Caledon, carmine; Duchesse of Albany, deep pink; Gladys Harkness, salmon-pink; Gruss an Teplitz, crimson; Kaiserine Auguste Victoria, primrose; Killarney, pink; La France, rose; Madame Ravary, yellow; Souvenir du President Carnot, flesh-rose;		
Viscountess Folkestone, creamy pink	50	4 50
man Cochet (Tea), white	50	4 50
let; Lady Helen Stewart, crimson-scarlet; Louis Van Houtte, red-crimson; Magna Charta, rose; Madame Gabriel Luizet, silvery pink; Margaret Dickson, white; Mrs. R. G. Sharman-Crawford, rose-pink; Mrs. John Laing, pink; Paul Neyron, deep rose; Prince Camille de Rohan, deep crimson;		
Ulrich Brunner, cherry crimson	50	4 00
son; Zenobia, rose	50	4 00

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1	912		91
RUGOSA ROSES			
<b>ROSA rugosa.</b> 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$0 $ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ch 35 50 75 50 75	\$3 00 4 00 6 00 4 00 6 00	\$20 00 \$5 00 50 00 25 00 50 00
rugosa hybrids atropurpurea—Atropurpurea, Blanc Double de Coubert, Conrad F. Meyer, Madame Georges Bruant, Madam Charles Worth, Mrs. A. Waterer. Pot-			30 00
grown	50	4 00	
WICHURAIANA ROSES			
ROSA Wichuraiana. The Trailing Rose. 2 to 3 ft\$0 2 to 3 ft. In 4-in. pots	35	\$2 00 3 00	\$25 00
Perfection, Universal Favorite. In pots.  SINGLE ROSES, Dickson's Hybrids—New Irish  Beauty, Irish Glory, Irish  Modesty, Irish Bright-	50	3 50	
ness	75	6 00	
HARDY HERBACEOUS I	PL	ANTS	5
Ea	ch	10	100
ACHILLEA filipendulina (Noble Yarrow). July. Golden Yellow. 2 ft\$0 millefolium roseum (Rosy Milfoil).	15	\$1 25	<b>\$10</b> 00
July to September. Pink. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	15	1 25	
ptarmica (The Pearl). All summer.			
White. 2 ft	15	1 25	10 00
White. 2 ft	15 25	1 25 2 00	
White. 2 ft.  tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June. Yellow. 1 ft	15	1 25	10 00 15 00
White. 2 ft.  tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June. Yellow. 1 ft	15 25 35 35	1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50	
White. 2 ft.  tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ACONITUM Fischeri (Monkshood). September and October. Blue. 3 ft.  Lycoctonum (Wolf's Bane). June to September. Yellow. 3 ft.  ACANTHUS mollis (Bear's Breech). August and September. Rose. 3 ft.  AJUGA Genevensis. May. Bright Blue. 6 in	15 25 35	1 25 2 00 2 50	
White. 2 ft.  tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ACONITUM Fischeri (Monkshood). September and October. Blue. 3 ft.  Lycoctonum (Wolf's Bane). June to September. Yellow. 3 ft.  ACANTHUS mollis (Bear's Breech). August and September. Rose. 3 ft.  AJUGA Genevensis. May. Bright Blue. 6 in reptans rubra (Bugle). May. Purplish blue. 6 in.  ALTHÆA rosea (Hollyhock). July. Various	15 25 35 35 35 25 25	1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50 1 50	15 00 12 50 12 50
White. 2 ft.  tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ACONITUM Fischeri (Monkshood). September and October. Blue. 3 ft.  Lycoctonum (Wolf's Bane). June to September. Yellow. 3 ft.  ACANTHUS mollis (Bear's Breech). August and September. Rose. 3 ft.  AJUGA Genevensis. May. Bright Blue. 6 in reptans rubra (Bugle). May. Purplish blue. 6 in.  ALTHÆA rosea (Hollyhock). July. Various colors. 4 to 6 ft. rosea, var. Allegheny Fringed	15 25 35 35 35 25	1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50	15 00 12 50
White. 2 ft.  tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ACONITUM Fischeri (Monkshood). September and October. Blue. 3 ft.  Lycoctonum (Wolf's Bane). June to September. Yellow. 3 ft.  ACANTHUS mollis (Bear's Breech). August and September. Rose. 3 ft.  AJUGA Genevensis. May. Bright Blue. 6 in reptans rubra (Bugle). May. Purplish blue. 6 in.  ALTHÆA rosea (Hollyhock). July. Various colors. 4 to 6 ft.  rosea, var. Allegheny Fringed  ALYSSUM rostratum, June and July. Golden Yellow. 1 ft.	15 25 35 35 35 25 25	1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50 1 50 1 50	15 00 12 50 12 50 12 50
White. 2 ft.  tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ACONITUM Fischeri (Monkshood). September and October. Blue. 3 ft.  Lycoctonum (Wolf's Bane). June to September. Yellow. 3 ft.  ACANTHUS mollis (Bear's Breech). August and September. Rose. 3 ft.  AJUGA Genevensis. May. Bright Blue. 6 in reptans rubra (Bugle). May. Purplish blue. 6 in.  ALTHÆA rosea (Hollyhock). July. Various colors. 4 to 6 ft. rosea, var. Allegheny Fringed  ALYSSUM rostratum, June and July. Golden Yellow. 1 ft. saxatile compactum (Golden Tuft). May and June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ANCHUSA Italica, var. Dropmore. New (Alkanet).	15 25 35 35 25 25 25 25 25 25	1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 2 50 1 50	15 00 12 50 12 50 12 50
White. 2 ft.  tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ACONITUM Fischeri (Monkshood). September and October. Blue. 3 ft.  Lycoctonum (Wolf's Bane). June to September. Yellow. 3 ft.  ACANTHUS mollis (Bear's Breech). August and September. Rose. 3 ft.  AJUGA Genevensis. May. Bright Blue. 6 in reptans rubra (Bugle). May. Purplish blue. 6 in.  ALTHÆA rosea (Hollyhock). July. Various colors. 4 to 6 ft. rosea, var. Allegheny Fringed  ALYSSUM rostratum, June and July. Golden Yellow. 1 ft. saxatile compactum (Golden Tuft). May and June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ANCHUSA Italica, var. Dropmore. New (Alkanet). May and June. Blue. 3 to 4 ft ANEMONE (Windflower) Japonica. September Red.	15 25 35 35 25 25 25 25 25 75	1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 2 50 1 50 2 50 1 50	15 00 12 50 12 50 12 50 12 50
White. 2 ft.  tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ACONITUM Fischeri (Monkshood). September and October. Blue. 3 ft.  Lycoctonum (Wolf's Bane). June to September. Yellow. 3 ft.  ACANTHUS mollis (Bear's Breech). August and September. Rose. 3 ft.  AJUGA Genevensis. May. Bright Blue. 6 in reptans rubra (Bugle). May. Purplish blue. 6 in.  ALTHÆA rosea (Hollyhock). July. Various colors. 4 to 6 ft. rosea, var. Allegheny Fringed  ALYSSUM rostratum, June and July. Golden Yellow. 1 ft. saxatile compactum (Golden Tuft). May and June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ANCHUSA Italica, var. Dropmore. New (Alkanet). May and June. Blue. 3 to 4 ft ANEMONE (Windflower) Japonica. September Red. 2 to 3 ft. Japonica, var. alba. Fall. White. 2 to 3 ft.	15 25 35 35 25 25 25 25 25 25	1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 2 50 1 50	15 00 12 50 12 50 12 50 12 50
White. 2 ft.  tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ACONITUM Fischeri (Monkshood). September and October. Blue. 3 ft.  Lycoctonum (Wolf's Bane). June to September. Yellow. 3 ft.  ACANTHUS mollis (Bear's Breech). August and September. Rose. 3 ft.  AJUGA Genevensis. May. Bright Blue. 6 in reptans rubra (Bugle). May. Purplish blue. 6 in.  ALTHÆA rosea (Hollyhock). July. Various colors. 4 to 6 ft. rosea, var. Allegheny Fringed  ALYSSUM rostratum, June and July. Golden Yellow. 1 ft. saxatile compactum (Golden Tuft). May and June. Yellow. 1 ft.  ANCHUSA Italica, var. Dropmore. New (Alkanet). May and June. Blue. 3 to 4 ft ANEMONE (Windflower) Japonica. September Red. 2 to 3 ft.	15 25 35 35 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1 25 2 00 2 50 2 50 2 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 2 50 1 50 6 00 1 50	15 00 12 50 12 50 12 50 12 50 12 50



Partial view of Herbaceous Plantations

Whitehold To U. D.	Each	10	100
ANEMONE Japonica, var. Whirlwind. Fall. Pure white 2 to 3 ft\$	25	\$2 00	<b>\$15</b> 00
Pennsylvanicum. June and July. White, 1 to 2 ft.	25	1 50	12 50
Pulsatilla (Pasque Flower). May. Violet-purple. 9 in	25	1 50	12 50
sylvestris. May. Pure white, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	<b>12</b> 50
ANTHEMIS tinctoria (Chamomile). June to September. Golden Yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
AQUILEGIA baicalense. May to July. Blue and			
white. 18 in	25	1 50	12 50
Canadensis. (Common Columbine). May to July. Scarlet and Yellow. 1 to 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Chrysantha. May to August. Golden Yellow.	25	2 00	12 50
3 ft	20	2 00	12 00
to July. Blue. 18 in	25	2 00	12 50
flabellata, var. nana alba. April to June. White. 1 ft	25	2 00	
nivea grandiflora. April to June. White.			40 50
2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	12 50
vulgaris fl. pl. May to July. White to blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.	25	2 00	12 50
truncata. May and June. Scarlet, yellow-	25	2 00	12 50
tipped. 2 ft		_ 00	
White. 4 in	25	1 50	10 00
alpina fl. pl. Double	35	2 50	
May and June. White. 6 in	25	1 50	12 50

FRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF	1912		00
	Each	10	100
mer. White. 9 in	25 25	\$1 50 1 50	\$10 00 12 50
ARTEMISIA abrotanum (Old Man). Silvery white	25 .	1 50.	10 00
foliage. 2 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	1 50	10 00
ASCLEPIAS tuberosa (Butterfly Weed). July and August. Orange. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
ASTER alpinus. June and July. Purple. 9 in	25	1 50	10 00
Amellus elegans. September and October. Blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	10 00
ber and October. Amethyst. 3 to 4 ft  grandiflorus. October and November. Violet-	25	1 50	10 00
blue. 2 ft	35	2 50	20 00
White. 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Madonna. September and October. White, 4 ft. Novæ Angliæ. September and October. Purple.	25	1 50	10 00
4 ft	25	1 50	.10 00
October. Bright rose. 4 ft ptarmicoides. August and September. White,	25	1 50	10 00
1½ ft	25	1 50	10 00
der. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Tataricus. October and November. Purple. 5 ft. Trinervius. October and November. Violet-	25	1 50	10 00
purple. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	10 00
4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
ASTILBE Japonica (Spirea). June. White, 1½ ft.	25	1 50	10 00
ASTRANTIA major (Masterwort). June and July. Pale pink. 1 ft	25	2 50	20 00
AUBRETIA Hendersoni (False Wall Cress). April. Purplish violet. 4 in	25	1 50	12 50
BAPTISIA australis (False Indigo). June and July.	25	1 50	10 00
Dark blue. 2 fttinctoria. June and July. Bright yellow.	25	1 50	
2 to 3 ft			10 00
Orange-red. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
pink. 6 to 8 in	25	<b>1</b> 50	10 00
BETONICA. See Stachys.			
BOCCONIA cordata (Plume Poppy). July and August. White. 5 ft	25	1 50	12 50
BOLTONIA asterioides (False Chamomile). August and September. White. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
latisquama. August and September. Light lilac. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
CALIMERIS incisa (Starwort). July to September. Light blue. 18 in	25	1 50	10 00

80	Each .	10	100
CALLIRHOË involucrata (Poppy Mallow). All summer. Rosy crimson. 1 ft	§0 25	\$1 50	\$10 00
CAMPANULA Carpatica (Carpathian Harebell).		,	·
June to September. Blue. 9 in	25	1 50	10 00
9 in	$\frac{25}{35}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00
persicifolia (Peach Bells). June and July.			40.00
Blue. 18 inpersicifolia alba. June and July. White. 18 in	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
pyramidalis (Chimney Bellflower). August and September. Blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
CENTAUREA montana (Perennial Cornflower). June and July. Dark purple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	
CERASTIUM tomentosum. June and July. White.			10 50
6 in CERATOSTIGMA plumbaginoides (Plumbago). Octo-	25	1,50	12 50
ber and November. Blue. 6 in  CHELONE Lyoni (Turtlehead). August and Septem-	25	2 00	15 00
ber. Rose-purple. 2 ft	35	2 50	
obliqua, var. alba (Shell-flower). August and September. White. 2 ft	35	2 50	
CHRYSANTHEMUM leucanthemum hybridum			
(Shasta Daisies). Alaska, California, Westralia. All summer. White. 2 ft	35	2 50	15 00
maximum, var. Triumph (Moonpenny Daisy). July to October. White. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Nipponicum. September and October. White.	35	2 50	40.00
Pompon Varieties. Fall. All colors. 1\frac{1}{2} to 2 ft.	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 10 & 00 \\ & 15 & 00 \end{array}$
Pompon Varieties, Heavy Stock	. 25	1 50	10 00
CHRYSOGONUM Virginianum (Golden Joint). June. Yellow. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
CHRYSOPSIS villosa (Golden Aster). September. Yellow. 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
CIMICIFUGA acerinum. August and September.		. – 👓	10 00
White. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	2 50	
White. 2 to 3 ftracemesa (Snakeroot). July. White. 3 to 5 ft.	- 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
CINERARIA. See Artemisia.		1 00	12 00
CLEMATIS crispa (Leather-flower). June to September. Lavender. 3 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Davidiana. August and September. Blue.	25	1 50	12 50
Fragrant. 3 ftrecta. June to August. White. Fragrant.			
2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
ber and October. Deep blue. 18 in	25	<b>1</b> 50	12 50
convallaria majalis (Lily-of-the-Valley). May and June. White. 6 to 9 in	25	2 00	15 00
COREOPSIS lanceolata (Tickseed). June to October. Golden yellow. 2 ft	15	1 25	10 00
CORONILLA varia (Crown Vetch). June and October. Pink. 1 to 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
What were and - was and a second second			

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF	1912		55
	Each	10	100
tember. Blue. 1½ ft	25	<b>\$1</b> 50	\$10 00
Chinense, var. album. July to September. White.	25	1 50	10 00
elatum (Bee Larkspur). June to August. Blue.			
formosum (Larkspur). June to September.	25	1 50	10 00
Deep blue. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
DIANTHUS barbatus (Sweet William), May to July. Mixed colors, 1½ ft	25	1 50	10 00
Mixed colors. 1½ ft	25	1 50	10 00
latifolius. June. Red. 1 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
VARIETIES:			
Delicata. Rose, with fringed petals. Laura Wilmer. White, with maroon center.			
Her Majesty. White.			
Mrs. Sinkins. White. Stanislaus. Violet-rose, with crimson center.			
DICENTRA eximia (Seal-flower). June to August.			
Pink. 1 ftspectabilis (Bleeding-heart). May and June.	25	1 50	10 00
Pink. 2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	12 50
DICTAMNUS fraxinella (Gas Plant). June. Purple.	35	2.50	15 00
fraxinella, var. alba. June. White. 3 ft	35	$\begin{array}{cc}2&50\\2&50\end{array}$	$15 00 \\ 15 00$
DIGITALIS ambigua (Foxglove). July and August.	25	2 00	15 00
Pale yellow. 3 ft	20	2 00	15 00
Mixed colors. 4 to 5 ftpurpurea, var. gloxiniæflora. June and July.	25	1 50	10 00
Mixed colors. 4 to 5 ft	25	1 50	10 00
DORONICUM Austriacum. April and May. Yellow.	35	2 50	15 00
plantagineum, var. excelsum. April to June.			
Yellow. 2 ft	35	2 50	15 00
<b>ECHINACEA purpurea</b> (Purple Cone-flower). July to September. Rosy purple. 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
ERIGERON speciosus (Fleabane). June to August.	05	9.00	<b>45</b> 00
Violet-blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
September. Amethyst-blue. 2 ft	35	2 50	
<b>EUPATORIUM ageratoides</b> (White Snakeroot). September and October. White, 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
cœlestinum. Fall. Light blue. 2 ft	$\tilde{2}\tilde{5}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	12 00
EUPHORBIA corollata (Spurge). July to Septem-	or.	1 50	10 50
ber. White, $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	12 50
15 in	25	1 50	10 00
FUNKIA Fortunei (Day Lily). July to August. Blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
ovata. July to August. Deep blue. 1½ to 2 ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{12}{12} \frac{50}{50}$
subcordata, var. grandiflora, September, White.	25	2 00	15 00
Fragrant. 2 ft			
August, Lilac. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50

E	ach	10	100
GAILLARDIA grandiflora (Blanket-flower). June to November. Yellow. 1½ ft	25	\$1 50	\$10 00
GALEGA officinalis (Goat's Rue). July and August.  Blue. 2 ft  officinalis, var. alba. July and August. White.	25	1 50	10 00
∠ II	25	1 50	10 00
<b>GERANIUM sanguineum</b> (Cranesbill). June to September. Red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	
GEUM coccineum (Avens). June and July. Scarlet.	25	2 00	15 00
Heldrechi. June. Orange. 18 in	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2&00\\2&00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
montanum. June and July. Yellow. 18 in  GILLENIA trifoliata (Bowman's Root). Rose and white. July. 3 ft	25 35	$\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{50}{50}$	19 00
GYPSOPHILA paniculata (Baby's Breath). July.			
White. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
ber, Yellow. 1½ ft July to October.	25	1 50	10 00
Yellow. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
grandicephalum, var. striatum. August to October. Orange. 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
Hoopesi. All summer. Orange-yellow. 2 ft	$\overline{25}$	$\bar{2} \stackrel{\circ}{00}$	15 00
HELIANTHUS (Perennial Sunflowers) giganteus.  August to October. Pale yellow. 6 to 10 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
Maximiliana. September. Deep yellow. 6 to 8 ft. mollis. September and October. Golden yellow.	25	1 50	10 00
4 ft	25	<b>1</b> 50	10 00
multiflorus fl. pl. July and August. Golden yellow. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
yellow, 6 ft.  rigidus. July to October. Golden yellow. 3 ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\frac{10}{10} \frac{00}{00}$
rigidus, var. Miss Mellish. September and Octo- ber. Golden vellow. 6 ft	25	1 50	10 00
rigidus var Wolly Dodd, Sentember Deen	25	1 50	10 00
yellow. 3 ft			
yellow. 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
White. 6 in	35 35	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	
HEMEROCALLIS Dumortieri (Yellow Day Lily).  June and July. Orange-yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
flava. June. Yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
tawny yellow. 2½ ft	25	1 50	12 50
July and August. Coppery yellow. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft fulva, var. Thunbergii. August and September.	25	1 50	12 50
Lemon-yellow. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	12 50
blue. 6 in	25	1 25	10 00
tember. Coral-red. 18 in	25	2 00	15 00
sanguinea, var. alba. June to September. White.	25	2 00	



A field of Japanese Iris at Andorra

	Dach	10	100
HIBISCUS militaris. June to September. Buff-yellow.	асп		100
Moscheutos (Mallow). July to September.	25	\$2 00	
Moscheutos (Mallow). July to September.	~~	<b></b>	010 00
Rose, 5 ft.	25	1 50	\$10 00
Moscheutos, var. Crimson Eye. July to Sep-	0=	1 50	10.00
tember. White. 5 ft	25	<b>1</b> 50	10 00
HOLLYHOCKS. See Althæa rosea.			
IBERIS sempervirens (Candytuft). April and May.	25	1 50	10 00
White, 6 in White, 9 in	25	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	10 00
corifolia. April and May. White. 9 in  INULA Britannica (Fleabane). July to September.	20	1 00	10 00
Light yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
IRIS. For Special Descriptive Lists, consult Calen-			
dar of Hardy Perennials.			
atroviolacea. May. Dark violet. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	
cristata. April and May. Light blue. 6 in	25	1 50	12 50
Florentina. May. Tinted white. Fragrant. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	$\frac{2}{1}$ 00	40.00
Germanica. May. Named varieties. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	25	1 50	10 00
lævigata; syn., Kæmpferi (Japanese Iris). June	0=	0.00	15 00
and July. Our selection, all colors. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$egin{smallmatrix} 2 & 00 \ 3 & 00 \end{bmatrix}$	15 00
Customer's selection	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 35 \end{array}$	$\frac{3}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	25 00
Pallida, var. Dalmatica. June. Light blue. 3 ft. Pallida, var. speciosa. June. Indigo-blue.	ออ	<b>5</b> 00 .	_ 20 00
2 to 3 ft	35	3 00	25 00
Pseudacorus. June. Yellow. 2 to 3 ft	25	$\overset{\mathtt{3}}{2}\overset{\mathtt{o}}{\mathbf{o}}\overset{\mathtt{o}}{\mathbf{o}}$	15 00
pumila nova. May. Various colors. 8 to 10 in.	$\tilde{25}$	$\bar{1}\ \check{5}\check{0}$	$12 \ 50$
Sibirica. May and June. Bright blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\overline{25}$	$\vec{1}$ $\vec{50}$	10 00
Sibirica, var. alba. June. White, 2 ft. Rare. +	35	3 00	25 00
Sibirica, var. orientalis. May. Deep blue. 1½ ft.	25	1 50	10 00
tectorum. May. Bright lilac. 1 ft	25	2 00	15 00
w m			

F	Each	10	100
KNIPHOFIA aloides (Red-hot Poker). August and September. Crimson. 3 ft\$0	25	<b>\$1</b> 50	<b>\$12</b> 50
obelisque. July and August. Saffron-yellow.  3 to 4 ft	35	2 50	15 00
Orange-scarlet. 3 to 4 ft	35	2 50	15 00
LATHYRUS latifolius, var. albus (Hardy White Pea). Summer, Climbing	25	2 00	
latifolius, var. roseus. Summer. Rose. Climbing. latifolius, var. splendens. Summer. Climbing latifolius, var. Pink Beauty. Summer. Bright	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} \overline{2} & 00 \\ \overline{2} & 00 \end{array}$	15 00
pink. Climbing	25	2 00	15 00
LAVENDULA spica (Lavender). 15 to 18 in vera (Lavender). 15 to 18 in	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
LIATRIS graminifolia (Blazing Star). August and			
September. Rosy purple. 2 ft pycnostachya (Kansas Gay Feather). Septem-	25	1 50	12 50
ber. Rosy purple. 4 to 5 ft	25	1 50	12 50
spicata (Gay Feather). August and Septem ber. Deep purple. 3 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
LILIUM Canadense (Meadow Lily). July. Shades of yellow. 2 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Orange-scarlet. 2 to 4 ftspeciosum, var. roseum (Japan Lily). July and	25	2 00	15 00
August. Rosy white. 2 to 4 ft	25	2 00	15 00
August. Rosy white. 2 to 4 ft  tigrinum (Tiger Lily). August. Salmon-red. 3 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
LINUM Austriacum (Austrian Flax). June to August. Bluish purple. 18 in	25	1 75	
perenne (Perennial Flax). June to September. Clear blue. 18 in	25	1 75	
LOBELIA cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). August and September. Scarlet. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
syphilitica (Blue Lobelia). August and September. Deep blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	
LYCHNIS Chalcedonica (London Pride). July to September. Vermilion. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
coronaria (Rose Campion). June and July.			
Crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	1 25	10 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 25 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00
May to September. White. 1 ft viscaria (Catchfly). June and July. Red. 1½ ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
viscaria, var. splendens. (German Catchfly).  June and July. Pink. 15 in	25	1 50	12 50
LYSIMACHIA clethroides (Loosestrife). July to			
September. White, $1\frac{1}{2}$ ftnummularia (Moneywort). June to August.	25	1 25	10 00
Yellow. Creeping (Rose Loosestrife).	25	1 50	10 00
July to September. Rose. 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
MERTENSIA pulmonarioides (Virginia Cowslip).  May and June. Blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00

FRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF	1912		00
	Each	10	100
MONARDA didyma (Oswego Tea). July and August. Scarlet. 2½ ft\$	0 25	\$1 50	\$10 00
didyma, var. Cambridge Scarlet. July and August. Scarlet. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
didyma var. splendens. July and August. Crimson-scarlet. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
MYOSOTIS alpestris, var. Victoria. May and June.			
Light blue. 6 to 9 in	25	1 50	10 00
Light blue. Spreading	25	1 50	10 00
May. Purple. 6 in	25	1 50	10 00
GENOTHERA fruticosa, var. major (Sundrops).  July. Yellow. 1½ ft	25	2 00	15 00
June. Lemon. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Frazeri. June. Rich yellow. 1½ ft Missouriensis (Large Eyening Primrose). June	$\overline{25}$	2 00	15 00
and July. Yellow. 1 ft	25	2 00	15 00
speciosa (White Primrose). June and July. White, $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	10 00
OPHIOPOGON Jaburan, var. aureus variegatus (Snake's Beard). September, Blue, 6 in	50	3 50	
PACHYSANDRA procumbens (Mountain Spurge).  March to May. White or purple. Spreading.			10.50
terminalis. May and June. White. 8 in	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
PÆONIA. See our Calendar of Hardy Perennials for Special List.			
Chinensis, Double Varieties. Our selection. May			
and June	35 1 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} {\bf 3} & {\bf 00} \\ {\bf 12} & {\bf 50} \end{array}$	25 00
Chinensis, Single Varieties. Our selection	35	3 00	25 00
corallina. May. Single. Reddish purple	35	3 00	25 00
	00	9 00	
officinalis, var. rubra plena. Early April. Double; deep crimson	50	4 00	35 00
officinalis, var. rosea plena. Early April.	1 00	9 00	
Double; pink	50	4 00	
tenuifolia, var. plena. Early April. Double;	50	4 00	
triternata. April. Single. Bright red	35	3 00	25 00
PAPAVER bracteatum. June. Blood-red. 4 ft nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). All summer. Many	25	2 00	12 50
colors. 1 ft	25	1 50	10 00
orientale (Oriental Poppy). June. Orange-scar- let. 2 ft.	25	2 00	12 50
PARDANTHUS. See Belemcanda. PENTSTEMON barbatus, var. Torreyi (Torrey's			
Beard Tongue). June to August. Scarlet.	25	1 50	10 00
3 to 4 ft grandiflorus. June to August. Purplish blue.			
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ftlavigatus, var. Digitalis. July and August.	25	2 00	15 00
White. 3 ft	25	2 00	
2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	

E	lach	10	100
PHLOX amæna. May. Bright pink. 3 to 4 in\$0 Carolina. May and June. Rosy red. 1 ft divaricata (Wild Sweet William). May and	25 25	\$1 50 1 50	\$10 00
June. Lavender. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Special List. All colorssubulata (Mountain Pink). May and June.	25	2 00	15 00
Rose. Creepingsubulata, var. alba. May and June. White.	25	1 50	10 00
Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
Purple. Creepingsubulata, var. lilacina. May. Lilac. Creepingsubulata, var. Nelsoni. May and June. Pure	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	1 50 1 50	12 50
white. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
white. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
PHYSOSTEGIA Virginiana (False Dragonhead).  August. Deep rose. 3 ft  Virginiana, var. alba. August. White. 3 ft  Virginiana, var. speciosa. August. Pink. 3 ft.	25 25 25	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00 10 00
PLATYCODON grandiflorum (Balloon-flower). July.			10 00
Blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	
Blue. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
POLEMONIUM cœruleum (Jacob's Ladder). May to July. Deep blue. 1½ ft	25	2 00	15 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	2 00	
6 to 9 in	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
orange. 1 ft	25	<b>1</b> 50	12 50
crimson. 6 to 9 in	25	1 50	12 50
6 to 9 in	25	1 50	12 50
White, pink and red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2$ ft roseum fl. pl. Named varieties. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2$ ft  RANUNCULUS aconitifolius fl. pl. (Crow's-foot).	25 35	$\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 50 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	10 00
June. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	1 50	
June. Yellow. 2 ft	25	• 1 50	
Yellow. 1 ft	25	<b>1</b> 50	10 00
ROSMARINUS officinalis (Rosemary). Scented foliage	25	1 50	
RUDBECKIA laciniata, var. Golden Glow. July to September. Yellow. 8 ft	25 25	$\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 25 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
nitida (Cone-flower). August and September. Pale yellow. 5 ft	25	1 50	10 00

	Each	10	100
SALVIA argentea. June. White, white foliage. 2 ft \$6 Caucasicum. July and August. Reddish purple.	25	\$1 50	\$10 00
3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
pratensis (Meadow-sage). June to September. Deep blue. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
SANGUINARIA Canadensis (Bloodroot). White. April. 6 in	25	1 50	10 00
SANTOLINA incana (Lavender Cotton). July.  Deep yellow. 1 ft	25	1 50	10 00
SAXIFRAGA cordifolia (Rockfoil). April to June. Rosy purple. 15 in	25	2 00	15 06
SCABIOSA Caucasica (Mourning Bride). Lavender-blue. June. 15 to 18 in	35	2 50	15 00
SEDUM acre (Golden Moss). May and June. Yel-	0=	1.05	10.00
low. Spreading	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 1 & 25 \\ 1 & 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
Rhodiola. August. Light pink. 1 ft	$\overline{25}$	$\hat{1}$ $\hat{2}$ $\hat{5}$	10 00
sexangulare (Stonecrop). June and July. Yel-	0=	4 0=	40.00
low. 6 in	25	1 25	10 00
and October. Rose. 12 to 15 in  spectable, var. atropurpurea. September and	25	2 00	15 00
October. Purplish crimson. 15 in	25	2 00	15 00
telephoides. July and August. Pink. 1 ft	25	2 00	15 00
SENECIO clivorum. Summer. Yellow. 3 ft	35	2 50	15 00
pulcher (Groundsel). July to October. Rosy purple. 1½ to 2 ft	25	1 50	
SILENE Pennsylvanicum (Wild Pink). April and May. Rose or white. 9 in	25	1 25	10 00
SMILACINA racemosa (False Solomon's Seal). April. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	<b>1</b> 50	
SPIRÆA (Goat's Beard, or Meadowsweet) aruncus.  June and July. White. 4 to 5 ft		<b></b> 00	
June and July. White. 4 to 5 ft	35	2 50	15 00
filipendula fl. pl. June and July. White. 2 ft. lcbata. July. Pink. 3 to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \ 50 \\ 2 \ 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
palmata. June and July. Deep crimson. 2 ft. palmata, var. elegans. June and July. White;	$\overline{25}$	$\tilde{2} \ \tilde{0} \tilde{0}$	15 00
crimson anthers. 3 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	
Ulmaria. June and July. White. 3 ft venusta. June and July. Deep pink. Fra-			
grant. 3 ft	25	2 00	
August. Rose. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Red. 15 to 18 in	25	<b>1</b> 50	10 00
latifolia (Great Sea Lavender). July and August. Deep blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
STOKESIA cyanea (Stokes' Aster). July to October. Lavender. 1½ ft	25	2 00	15 00
1½ ft	50	3 50	
TANACETUM globiferum (Tansy). August. Golden yellow. 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00

E	ach	10	100
THALICTRUM adiantifolium (Meadow Rue). June.	25	<b>\$</b> 1 50	¢10.00
THALICTRUM adiantifolium (Meadow Rue). June. Yellow. 18 in\$0 aquilegifolium (Feathered Columbine). June.	25	\$1 90	\$10 00
White. 2 to 4 ftpolyganum (Tall Rue). June. White. 3 to 4 ft.	25	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	
purpurascens. June to August. Purple. 3 to	25	1 50	
4 ft	25	1 50	
THERMOPSIS Caroliniana. June. Yellow. 3 to	~	4 50	
4 ft May to July. Yellow. 2 to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	
THYMUS montanus, var. coccineus (Scarlet Thyme).	40	1 00	
May. Bright red. 4 in	25	1 50	
vulgaris (Common Thyme). May. Lilac. 1 to	0=	1 0-	
2 ft  TRADESCANTIA Virginiana (Spiderwort). June to	25	1 25	
October. Purple. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
October. Purple. 2 ft			
2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
TRILLIUM erectum (Wake Robin). March and April. Purple. 9 to 12 in	25	1 50	
grandiflorum (Wood Lily). March and April.			
White. 9 to 12 in	25	1 50	
TROLLIUS Europæus (Globe-flower). May to August. Yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
VALERIANA coccinea (Valerian). June to October.	20	1 90	14 90
Reddish. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
officinalis (Hardy Heliotrope). June and July.	o=	1 50	10.00
Rose-pink, 2 ftrubra. June to October, Red. 2 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
VERBASCUM Olympicum (Mullein). July to Sep-			
tember. Yellow. 6 ft	25	1 50	12 50
VERNONIA Arkansana (Ironweed). August to Octo-	ຄະ	9.00	
ber. Red. 5 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cc}2&00\\2&00\end{array}$	
VERONICA longifolia, var. rosea (Speedwell). July		_ 00	
to October Rose 1½ ft.	25	1 50	
longifolia, var. subsessilis. August to November. Deep blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ftrupestris (Rock Speedwell). June and July.	25	2 00	15 00
rupestris (Rock Speedwell). June and July.			
Blue Spreading	25	1 50	10 00
spicata. June to September. Bright blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	10 00
Virginica. August to September. White. 4 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
VINCA minor (Periwinkle). May. Bright blue.	25	1 50	10.00
Spreading	25	1 50	10 00
May. Purple and White. 4 in	25	1 50	12 50
Mixed	25	1 25	10 00

#### A CALENDAR OF PERENNIALS

This booklet, in a revised edition, with monthly lists, and special lists of Phlox, Iris, Peonies and Chrysanthemums, will be found valuable in arranging hardy gardens.

#### **FERNS**

ADIANTUM pedatum (Maidenhair Fern). 1 to 2 ft. Moist, shaded positions. ASPIDIUM acrostichoides (Christmas Fern). 1 to 2 ft. Evergreen. Dry or moist soils in shady places. Felix-mas (Male Fern). 2 ft. Semi-shaded positions, dry or moist soils.

Goldianum. 2 to 4 ft. Semi-shaded positions, dry or moist soils.

marginale. Evergreen. 1 to 2 ft. Shaded positions, dry or moist soils.

ASPLENIUM Filix-fæmina (Lady Fern). 2 to 3 ft. Open or shaded positions, in moist or dry soils.

BOTRYCHIUM Virginianum (Moonwort). 6 to 12 in. Shaded positions, moist or dry soils. DICKSONIA punctilobula (Boulder Fern). 2 to 3 ft. For open positions; forms large plantations. **ONOCLEA** sensibilis (Sensitive Fern). 1 to 2 ft. For open planting and wet soils. Struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern). 2 to 4 ft. For open positions, dry or moist soils. OSMUNDA gracilis (Flowering Fern). 2 to 4 ft. Open or shaded positions, and moist soils. Claytoniana. 2 to 5 ft. For open plantings, dry or moist soils. cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern). 2 to 5 ft. For open or shaded positions, in wet soils. WOODSIA obtusa. 6 to 12 in. Shady places, in moist soil. WOODWARDIA angustifolia (Chain Fern). 1 ft. Open or shaded positions, in moist soils. The above varieties, 25 cts, each, \$2 per 10, \$15 per 100.

#### **HEDGE PLANTS**

The above collection, 15 varieties, \$3. 100 in 5 varieties, our selection, \$12.50.

We shall be pleased to name special prices for plants in quantity for hedging purposes.

#### **EVERGREEN TREES**

Biota orientalis	Thuya occidentalis		
DECIDUOU	JS TREES		
Carpinus Americana         24           Betulus         24           Cratægus Crus-galli         26	Cratægus Oxyacantha		
EVERGREEN SHRUBS			
Azalea amœna	llex crenata microphylla		
DECIDUOUS SHRUBS			
Acanthopanax spinosa	Hippophae rhamnoides 40 Ligustrum Ibota, Regelianum, ovalifolium, vulgare 41 Lonicera Tatarica 42 Rhamnus cathartica		

#### **OUR CATALOGS**

**THE ANDORRA HANDBOOK.** Planters who desire a complete descriptive list will be supplied with our Handbook of Trees and Plants for 50 cents, which will be credited upon their first purchase amounting to \$5.

ANDORRA'S HANDBOOK will serve as a standard guide, being up-to-date in nomenclature, and containing conservative descriptions of a vast list of trees and plants, with hints on planting, pruning and caring for them. It is illustrated and fully indexed.

- PRICE-LISTS are issued semi-annually. Owing to our large output, and the changes in sizes of stock by reason of each season's growth, frequent revisions of the PRICE-LIST are necessary, to keep customers thoroughly posted on the stock we offer. You are always sure your order will be filled if you find the items in the current season's PRICE-LIST.
- MORE SPECIALTIES, a booklet of 32 pages, describing and illustrating a large number of very choice things for the country home. A great help in deciding upon just the right thing to plant.
- BEAUTIFUL LAWNS, BOOKLET No. 27. This little pamphlet treats of Lawn Fertilizing, and its eight pages should be carefully read by all interested in having a good lawn.
- BOXWOOD, BOOKLET No. 28. For formal gardens and in connection with architectural effects, BOXWOOD is now absolutely necessary. This booklet shows the different forms we offer.
- HINTS FOR SUCCESSFUL PLANTING, BOOKLET No. 30. Does not aim to cover every point that may arise, but it gives the principles in such a way that any one, by following its directions, can secure the best results.
- A CALENDAR OF HARDY PERENNIALS, BOOKLET-No. 33-26, with special lists of Iris, Phlox. Peonies and Chrysanthemums. This little booklet gives a complete list of Perennials, and shows in tabulated form their height, color, and months of bloom; invaluable to those planning herbaceous gardens.

#### MEASURING TREES AND SHRUBS

All trees and shrubs are measured as they stand in the Nursery before digging. In evergreen trees and in evergreen and deciduous shrubs the height is taken from the ground to the top of the plant.

Deciduous trees are measured from the ground to the top of the head, and the caliper or diameter of the trunk is taken above the collar. Measurements are expressed thus: 10 to 12 ft. (height),  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to  $2\frac{3}{4}$  in. (caliper).

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# Plant for Immediate Effect

#### Not for Future Generations

Start with large stock—it has taken years of special preparation to grow such Trees and Shrubs as we offer you.

We have done the long waiting—you can secure at once specimens that will give immediate and permanent results.

# As an Example

Note in this Price List, page 21, Norway Maples, 14 to 20 ft. in height with trunks 4 to 10 in. in diameter. Specimen trees with broad tops and a system of fibrous roots that makes transplanting successful—trees that are sure to grow. Such trees simply "make your place."

# AN IMPORTANT POINT

These specimen Trees and Shrubs are Andorra-Grown—they are here at our Nurseries where you may inspect them and reserve such as suit your purpose.

ANDORRA-GROWN MEANS QUALITY
OUALITY IN TREES MEANS SUCCESSFUL PLANTING